Rockland Gazette.

VOLUME 35. ROCKLAND, MAINE, THURSDAY, JUNE 24, 1880. NO. 30.

The Rockland Gazette.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AFTERNOON by
PORTER & PORTER.
210 Main Street.

TERMS:
If paid strictly in advance—per annum, $2.00.
If payment is delayed 6 months, 2.25.
If not paid till the close of the year, 2.50.

☞ New subscribers are expected to make the first payment in advance.

☞ No paper will be discontinued until ALL ARREARAGES are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

☞ Single copies five cents—for sale at the office and at the Bookstores.

Z. POPE YORK. J. B. PORTER.

Hotels.

THE BEST HOTEL IN THE WORLD
BUCKINGHAM
FIFTH AVENUE & FIFTIETH STREET
OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL
NEW YORK
NEAR GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT
THREE MINUTES WALK FROM ELEVATED R.R. STATION
EUROPEAN PLAN CHARGES REASONABLE
JOSLIN & FULLER
PROPRIETORS.

Thorndike Hotel,
ROCKLAND, - MAINE.
J. C. WHITE, Proprietor.
☞ Berry Brothers' Livery Stable is connected with the House.

H. H. CRIE & CO.

LOWEST PRICES!

VERY BEST PLACE TO BUY

IRON & STEEL, Chains and Anchors,
BLACKSMITHS' Stock and Tools,
CORDAGE and Ship Chandlery,
CARRIAGE BUILDERS' Supplies,
CARRIAGE Trimmers' and Painters' Goods,
SHIP Spikes, Oakum, Paints,
FISHERMENS' Fittings,
QUARRYMEN'S Stock and Tools, Powder, etc.,
NAILS, GLASS, Paper, Paints,
GUNS, REVOLVERS, Cartridges, etc.,
GALVANIZED Spikes, Nails, Blocks, Row Locks Hoop Iron, etc.,
CARPET WEAVERS' Twine and Warp,
SAILORS' Oil Clothes, Hats and Bedding,
GROCERIES, Sugar, Pork, Beef, Molasses and Flour,
—AT—
205 Main Street,
H. H. CRIE & CO.

TONIC
PEOPLE'S FAVORITE TONIC BITTERS
Invariably Cures Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Dizziness, Jaundice, Nausea, Bilious- and Dyspepsia. Also ness and Bilious Colic. It is a specific for Nervous and Bilious Headache.
BITTERS!
J. W. Perkins & Co., Gen. Agt's Portland, Me

LIEBIG CO'S
COCA BEEF TONIC.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A FEW MORE LEFT!
OF THOSE FAMOUS
50CL. PANEL SAWS,
AT
J. P. Wise & Son's
HARDWARE STORE.
212 & 214 Main St.

ALWAYS SELECT THE BEST.
WADSWORTH, MARTINEZ & LONGMAN
PURE PAINTS
READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.
Is endorsed by every PRACTICAL PAINTER. COVERING CAPACITY & DURABILITY EXCEED ANY KNOWN PAINT. Buildings Painted with our Prepared Paints, if not satisfactory, will be Repainted at our Expense.

Is it not to your interest to buy our PURE PREPARED PAINT, which, when mixed with equal parts of oil will cover wood better, and prove more durable than any other mixed Paint in the market? The comparison is as follows:

1 Gall. of other Mixed Paint,	$1.75
½ Gall. W. M. & L. Paint @ $2.00, is	1.00.
½ Gall. Linseed Oil,	.50.—1.50
Difference in favor of our Paint,	.25

We guarantee this fact. The test is simple

Our PURE PREPARED PAINTS have been sold during the past Eight years. Our price has always been and will continue to be in exact accord with the price of Strictly Pure White Lead and Pure Linseed Oil, and it is impossible for us to compete in price with Inferior Paints any more than Pure White Lead can be sold in competition with adulterated brands of so-called White Lead which are plentifully offered 2c. per lb. less than the cost of the pure article.

Wadsworth, Martinez & Longman.

For sale by
J. P. WISE & SON,
ROCKLAND, ME.

Poetry.

The Old Wooden Rocker.

There it stands, in the corner, with its back to the wall,—
The old wooden rocker so stately and tall!
With naught to disturb it but the duster or broom,
For no one now uses that back parlor room;
Oh! how well I remember in days long gone by,
When we stood by that rocker, my sister and I,
And we listened to the stories that our grandma would tell,
By that old wooden rocker we all loved so well.

Cho.—As she sat by the fire she would rock, rock, rock,
And we heard but the tick of the old brass clock;
Eighty years had shown in that chair grim and tall,
In that old wooden rocker that stands by the wall.

If this chair could but speak, oh! the tales it could tell,—
How poor aged grandpa in fierce battle fell;
'Neath the stars and the stripes he fought bravely and true,
He cherished his freedom, the red, white and blue!
It could tell of bright days and of dark ones, beside,
Of the day when dear grandma stood forth as a bride;
This is why we all love it, this old chair grim and tall,
The old wooden rocker that stands by the wall.

But poor grandma is gone, and her stories are done,—
Her children have followed her, yes, one by one,
They have gone to meet her "in the sweet by and by,"
And all that is left is dear sister and I.
Never more will we hide her gold specs, or her cap;
Never more will we tease her while taking her nap;
Never more will she slumber in that chair grim and tall,
The old wooden rocker that stands by the wall.

The True Laborer.

Is there one who has a sense of power,
And patient waiting, hour by hour
For the seed sown to shape its flower?
He is the hope of Liberty.

His quiet patience is not weak,
He knows the ages when they speak;
Fair nature's flush is on his cheek;
He is a part of Liberty.

He loves the winds that past him blow,
The wide, sweet starlight's ceaseless flow,
The golden moon's soft motion slow,
For these are gifts of Liberty.

He hates the noise and rant of creed
And muttered curse, and evil deed,
And midnight torches' evil speed,
For them are foes of Liberty.

He loves the lives that bent as chines
From great hills rung in troublous times,
The flame of Burns, the Corn Law Rhymes,
All precious seed of Liberty.

He knows the ways are hard and long,
He does not curse the voice and strong,
Or fight the lines of wrong with wrong;
For he has faith in Liberty.

Tales and Sketches.

RUNNING "PILOT."

"Who is standing pilot this evening?" said the superintendent or 'boss,' as he was called.

"Seth Martin," was the foreman's reply.

"Tell him to come up here, will you?" said boss up.

The foreman hastened away, and Seth Martin must have "spread themselves" as the former said, for in a few minutes the engine driver stood before his chief.

The great man took a comprehensive look at the engineer, who flinched not a muscle. His clear, steady eyes were as blue as the sky; a handsome brown beard ornamented his face, which, albeit rather dirty, was full of character and determination. To use the popular expression, "he was pure gold down to bedrock."

The superintendent, satisfied with his scrutiny, nodded to the engine driver, and said:

"There's a specie train up out of Collinsville to-night, Seth."

"I know that," was the curt response.

"And it will require close watching," continued the chief.

"I s'pose so—I know that," repeated Seth.

"You are mighty knowin' this evening," said the superintendent, smiling; "but there is one thing you don't know, sonny. You don't know you are going to run pilot to that train."

"Yes I do," replied the engine-driver.

"Who in thunder told you, then? I didn't know it myself until ten minutes ago!"

"You told me this minute, then I knew it," replied Seth, smiling, and disclosed his white, even teeth. "I'm ready, boss."

"Seth Martin, you ought to be a judge; your talents are thrown away in this line. But listen, we've no time to split straws in chaff. There's a very festive gang of desperadoes hanging about up Dartford way. They nearly wrecked the through Pacific last week. Fortunately the passengers were handy with their shootin' irons, and bullets was rainin' pretty thick, else there would have been something unpleasant."

"Wa'al," said the engine driver, "go ahead."

"Now you must run pilot to the specie train and see that the line's clear up as far as Dartford City. You can shunt at the trestle bridge siding and wait to pull the wagons up the Bunker incline through the cuttings. Once safe there, we can rattle along, and mind ye keep a good lookout."

"You bet!" was Seth's response. "I'd better take my six shooter, I suppose. We'll have to fight, maybe."

"Most likely," replied the superintendent, coolly. "Keep this quiet. I've got men on the lookout all along the line. Who's your mate?"

"English Tom Atkins," was the reply. "He's grit."

"All right, then," said the chief. "Now, don't drink; keep a full head of steam; bring back the specie safe, and—"

"Wa'al?" drawled the other coolly.

"I'll provide for your family if you're hurt or shot; if not, I'll reward you."

"Is that all, then? Well, good night, boss, and thank ye."

"Good luck," was the answer; "I'll not forget you."

Seth Martin turned away with a nod of acknowledgement, and directed his steps to the shed where his engine was "standing pilot." This means that the engine had steam up (or was "in steam," to speak technically) and was ready for any sudden emergency. The driver was just as well pleased to run a couple of hundred miles on a dark night, even with the chances of being shot, as to have an invitation to the "White House" itself.

"Tom!"

"Hallo!" came back in an unmistakeable English voice.

"Fire up a bit; we're bound West; specie pilot; 10 o'clock. Keep it quiet."

A man unseen by the driver put up his head to listen.

Seth was a man of action, and so was his mate, Tom Atkins. They looked to the engine and their revolvers; put a dozen cartridges in a tin can; filled a similar can with old Bourbon whisky at a saloon close by, whither they were followed by the man who had been listening to their conversation, and who noted their preparations.

After communicating with some accomplice, this mysterious individual left the saloon and made his way toward the signal box, which stood some distance down the line.

As soon as the engine-driver and his mate were recognized, they were warmly welcomed, for they were favorites. Many drinks were tendered for their acceptance, and declined on various pleas, till one declared the Britisher wanted to fix an insult on a free-born citizen. He offered Seth and Tom a glass apiece saying:

"What's up, mate? Swore off, eh?"

"For this evening," replied Seth, "but, as I'd rather drink than fight just now, I'll take your treat."

So the men each took the proffered glass, but scarcely tasted it; and soon afterward Seth, fearing that some inkling of his intended mission might leak out, beckoned to his fireman to follow as soon as possible, and then left the saloon. He lit a cigar, climbed up into the cab of his engine (all American locomotives are protected and closed in) and began to smoke.

He smoked in comfort for about a quarter of an hour, then he felt "queer."

"These are stronger cigars than usual he muttered, and he threw it from him. But the oppression on his brain grew heavier; he felt very sleepy now.

"I think I'll have a nap; it's only about 9 o'clock. I must; there's an hour yet—I wonder where Tom is? It's my opinion Tom will drink too much or—"

His train of thought was suddenly interrupted. All at once it flashed upon him that he himself had been "drugged" in the saloon.

"That's it; what a thundering idiot I am!" He essayed to rise, but felt quite bewildered. He made hopeless attempts to stand upright, but could do nothing. He was as a child; but, worse than all he was concious of his inability to do his duty. Ten o'clock rang out. He struggled to his feet. His head was spinning round, his feet were heavy as leaden weights. He opened the sliding door, but ere he could descend a blow from behind sent him flying into space—a splash, and down he sank into a large pond containing a quantity of surplus water for the locomotive tanks.

At the same moment three men climbed up on the engine, and with a low but hearty chuckle, started it out from the siding.

"I think we did that neat," said the shortest of the party. "I did'nt listen to the boss for nothin' this time. The specie train will run after all, you see. Oh! they couldn't catch me tripping. No, Sir!"

"The Savages will do the bridge, I suppose, said another. "He's to work on up the line, isn't he?"

"Aye, only on that side. Ye did that Britisher pretty, I must say. He and Seth was kinder cautious, too."

"I mixed it strong," said the other with a savage laugh. "Did you settle the signals, Abe?"

"Aye: telegraphed ourselves in special, then cut the wires and smashed the instruments. We're clear now to Dartford City. What's that?" he added hastily, as the engine lurched for a second and lifted.

"Only the points. We're out now. We can run easy, I s'pose. She won't bust, I hope. Here goes."

The speaker, who knew little about engine driving, turned on the steam, and away they went. He turned his head over for a moment. "There's something moving yonder; they've found Seth, likely."

But this portion of the gang of desperadoes had met their match in English Tom Atkins. For a moment or two he had been overcome by the drugged whiskey, but a simple and very efficient remedy cured him at the cost of a few moments' sickness. Creeping along the ground, for he could not walk, he conceived the idea of following these men, so he held the points open and sent the "bravoes" away into the night on the top line. He proposed to give the alarm, and follow (on the down metals) with a superior force. But fate was drawing the fugitives to destruction. The up line was cut at the bridge.

"Lend a hand, mate, I'm drownin." This is what Tom heard as he crawled rather than walked across the metals to seek assistance.

"Seth—Seth Martin; what's happened to you?"

"Them varmints tossed me in here when I was half stupid, but the water has done me good. Help me out, Tom and we'll fix them yet."

Tom, who was rapidly recovering, lent all the assistance he could; and then the dripping driver, quickly wringing the water from his clothes, said when his mate had told him what he had done—

"Don't breathe a syllable to mortal man. I know Bob Franklin's engine is in steam by now for the cross traffic. We'll fire her up and run them down. We may save the specie yet. Hurry down to the signal box while I get out the engine.

Tom hastened away as desired, but soon came back with the intelligence that the box was empty and the wire out.

"We daren't say a word now," said Seth. What fools we were to take them drinks? Now, Tom, shove in some wood, while I oil the cranks. I'll leave word for the foreman: we must trust him.

All these preparations were made almost as quickly as they are here described. In ten minutes the engine was ready.

The foreman came up at that moment, "if you succeed," he said "your fortunes are made. If you fail, I wouldn't answer for your lives. Take my revolver," he added, "and be off."

Seth thanked him, added gloomily, "if we fail we'll never come back alive. For us to be hocusssed with 'Bourbon' is disgrace enough."

A whistle! The foreman opened the points and the engine sped away on the down line in full pursuit of the desperadoes to save the specie train if possible.

"We're no head lamp!" exclaimed Tom suddenly.

"So much the better; we don't want to advertise ourselves to-night. There's a flash of something; guess we'll have a storm."

The remark was not uncalled for. The gleam of lightning every now and then appeared to rest upon the steel handles and glint along the rails. There was a moaning sound in the air, a feeling of oppression while occasionally a heavy splash of rain would drop upon the roof of the "cab" in which the men journeyed.

They absolutely flew along the track. Over the apparently boundless prairie the line was laid. Not a station for miles. A few water-places of intervals alone broke the level character of the prospect when the fitful lightning lit up the surroundings. Pitch dark overhead, except when the flashes came, and the only light before the rapidly-moving glare of the furnace fire on the "road."

"It's past 11," said the driver. "We ought to have pulled them up. We've run this thirty miles in the half hour. There's Buffalo Creek," he added as they skimmed past.

"Well, then, Dartford is only another thirty, and the trestle siding on the top of the cutting is only twenty-five."

We must pass them at the curve below. Hallo! look out, mind that handlamp."

Tom turned the slide and looked ahead. Seth shut off steam.

"There they are! Lucky we are running tender foremost, or they would have seen our fire. We'll wait on them gently till we get on the trestle curve. Then we'll "wire in" and drop them. Steady mate!"

The engine came silently to a stand-still. The gentle hiss of the steam, which was just raising the valves, was the only audible sound. Broad flashes of sheet-lightning lit up the heavy masses of cloud, but no thunder followed. Seth looked to his revolver.

Tom fed the fire and they waited; it was their only chance—a surprise.

For quite twenty minutes the men waited; the engine in front had long ago disappeared. At last Seth said: "Now, Tom, is your time! I'll run them a race down to Dartford City, and if I get there first, there'll be scalps to sell to-morrow. We'll round that curve before they see us, and come in all flying. Are you ready?"

Tom signified his consent, and away darted the ponderous engine across the boundless prarie at top speed. On! on, never mind the rough track; it's death if you remain. There is one chance, and only one—if you reach Dartford City and give the alarm!

"Press on, Seth, it's nigh midnight." So whispered Tom, as the engine swung round the sharp curve. There, seemingly motionless, was the other engine. Faster and faster rattled the pursuer. They were seen at last. The men were visible through the glass for an instant.

"Lie down!" roared Seth.

Only just in time. Two bullets came crashing overhead; another bit the handle of the steam whistle and sent out a scream of defiance into the night. Seth rose slowly, and, pistol in hand, watched the foe.

"He's going to face us, but he don't know the trick of firin' 'No, 200,' Tom. We'll pass him, and then—"

Seth's face, as he spoke and clutched his revolver, was sufficient to explain his meaning without words.

On, on, speeding across the prairie! Now, Seth gaining, now the others shot ahead. More wood into the furnace; pile it in, Tom, cried Seth—"that's it now—"

A bullet from Seth's steady hand passed through the glass of the other engine and shattered the driving arm of the man who held the regulator.

"Bully!" exclaimed the delighted Seth "Now for another log." The fire was blown up, and like an arrow the engines flew along; but no more shots were exchanged, for as they were running neck and neck for one instant Seth perceived a light on the line ahead, and, before his companion was aware of his intention, shut off the steam. The other engine fled away into the darkness.

"What did you shut off for?" cried Tom in amazement.

"Look ahead and you'll know."

Tom looked ahead. A weird light playing on the track, a halo of unearthly appearance. It shimmered and moved about like a will-o'-the-wisp. It was a most ghastly white mist—a ghostly warning.

"What can it be?" said Tom, his superstitious terrors being now excited. "What is it?"

"It's a light, that's all," said Seth with a fiendish grin. "I've seen it before. There's somebody underneath the rails in the bridge, and, you bet they're cutting the track for the specie train."

"Gracious heavens, and that engine!"

"That engine will be in the river in two minutes," said Seth Martin.

"Oh, hurry up and save them if we can," said Tom. "Go ahead!"

"Gently, mate, gently; let them get on it." He turned on the steam, but before they had passed half the distance in the direction of the light a loud crash was heard and amid screams of human agony the trestle bridge sank down—down—gently, slowly, but surely to the stream below. The ponderous engine dipped forward, gave one heavy roll, righted again, and then turning completely over, fell with a thundering noise into the canon below.

The lights were suddenly extinguished, and the piercing screams of wounded and scalded men arose, mingled with the hiss-steam and the dull roar of thunder. The storm had burst.

"Caught in their own trap," exclaimed Seth. Serves them right! Poor critters, I'm kinder sorry, too."

"Let us help them," cried Tom.

"Help! yes; let us run to Dartford and stop the traffic; the specie is due in ten minutes."

"Cross that bridge?" exclaimed the fireman.

"Yes, sir, across that bridge. I'm a-goin' to try it," replied Seth. "Will you chance it?"

"Yes," was the brave answer; "It's kill or cure."

"Here goes, then; shake hands. God bless ye, mate; if we don't meet again, tell them that I died at my post like a man."

The driver and fireman clasped hands in silence, and Seth turning on the full pressure of steam, the engine gathered itself up for its final race.

Not a sound escaped either of the men. Side by side they stood. As they approached they could see a red glare. The bridge had caught fire. As they shot past a form or two hurried quickly out of sight—some of the desperate band now cowed and crushed. In a moment more the bridge was in full view. The crackling timbers of the up line were all burning around the mighty monster engine, which emitted smoke and flame As a flash of lightning will in one brief second reveal surrounding objects distinctly, so the glare of the engine furnace lit up the scene below. The engine dashed along—a roar, a creaking noise, the flame leaped up beneath—and the danger was over. The down line had not been undermined.

As they slackened speed a long deep whistle was heard, and a dim speck was seen like a pin's head on the line in front.

"There's the specie, Tom. We've done our duty. Run down easy and see if we can't help the unfortunate loafers under the bridge. It was a narrow squeak!"

It was indeed. The specie train was saved, and the filibusters taken in the act. Three were drowned, and two more so terribly injured that they died soon after from the effects.

Seth and Tom were rewarded, and the former was subsequently made inspector, but he and Tom often talk of the summer night when they were so nearly killed running pilot.

J. H. Sawyer of Portland, has bought back the mare, Lady Gilbert, which he sold a few years ago to a New York man, for $3,000.

At the hatching house in the rear of Mt Kineo, they have just taken out 30,000 to 31,000 trout and put them in Moosehead Lake. They have also put in 10,000 land-locked salmon.

Miss Miley Berry, of Madrid, at Rangeley recently fell as she started to ascend a stairway, and received such injuries that she died soon after being brought home.

A standing joke — inviting a hundred people to a party in the house where there are only fifty chairs.

That was an observing fellow, if he was but six years old, we said: "Papa, I wish you would quarantine against Tom Jones comin' here every night to see Jennie. It's got to be too epidemic.

A mother noticing her little daughter wipe her mouth with her dress sleeve, asked her what her handkerchief was for. Said the little one: "It is to shake at the ladies in the street. That is what papa does with his."

A TIRED MOTHER'S VICTORY.

A little timely gentleness sweetens a parent's recollections in after years with a thrill of gratitude, whereas the memory of hasty severity to little ones must bring a pang. This tender story of a mother's experience, published in the *Christian Weekly*, is a beautiful lesson in itself. The mother has laid her table with great care and pains for a company of distinguished guests, when her little girl accidently over turned a tureen of gravy on the snowy cloth.

What should I do? It seemed a drop too much for my tired nerves, many drops too much for my table-cloth. I was about to jerk my child down angrily from the table, when a blessed influence held me.

I caught the expression on her face. Such a sorry, frightened, appealing look I never saw, and suddenly a picture of the past came and stood out vividly before my mind's eye. My child's face revealed feelings which I had experienced twenty years before.

I was myself a little nervous girl, about eight years old, in the happy home of my childhood. It was a stormy afternoon in winter. It was when coal oil lamps were first introduced, and father had bought a very handsome one.

The snow had drifted up against the kitchen window, so, although it was not night, the lamp was lighted. Mother was sick in bed up-stairs, and we children were gathered in the kitchen, to keep the noise and confusion away from her.

I was feeling very important helping get supper; at any rate, I imagined I was helping, and in my officiousness I seized the lamp and went down cellar for some butter. I tried to set it on the hanging shelf, but alas! I didn't give it room enough, and down it fell on the cemented floor.

I never shall forget the shock, that it gave me. I seemed almost paralyzed. I didn't dare to go up-stairs, and I was afraid to stay down there, and to make it worse I heard my father's voice in the kitchen. He had cautioned us all, again and again, to be careful of that lamp, and now there it lay smashed to pieces!

But his voice seemed to give me the impetus I needed to go up and meet the scolding or whipping or both, which I felt sure awaited me, and which I really felt I deserved. So I crept up over the dark stairway, and as I entered the kitchen I met my father with such a stern look on his face that I was frightened. I saw there was no need to tell him what had happened. He had heard the crash, and if he didn'nt I guess my face would have told the story. The children stood silently around, awaiting to see what father would do, and I saw by their faces that they were horror-struck, for that lamp had been the subject of too much talk and wonder to be smashed without a sensation.

As for me, I felt so frightened, so confused and sorry, that I could not speak. But upon glancing again at father I saw the angry look die out of his eyes and one of tenderest pity take its place.

I doubt not that he saw the same look in my face then, that I saw in my child's face to-day. In a minute he had lifted me in his arms and was hugging me close to his breast. Then he whispered, oh, so kindly! "Never mind, little daughter; we all know it was an accident, but I hope you will take the small lamp when you go down cellar again."

Oh, what a revolution of feeling I experienced! It was such a surprise to me that I was suddenly overwhelmed with feelings of love and gratitude, and burying my face I sobbed as if my heart was breaking. No punishment could have affected me half so much, and nothing can efface the memory of it from my mind.

How I loved my father to-day as the sight of my own little girl's face brought it all freshly before me!

Will she love me as dearly, I wonder, twenty years from now, because moved by the same God-given impulse that stirred my father's heart in that long-ago time. I was able to press the little frightened thing to my heart and tell her kindly that I knew she didn't mean to spill the gravy, and I knew she would be more careful next time? Will she be helped by it when she is a mother as I was helped to-day?

KEEP YOUR FRIENDS.—Never cast aside your friends if by any possibility you can retain them. We are the weakest of spendthrifts if we let one friend drop off through inattention, or let one push away another or if we hold aloof from one for petty jealousy, or from heedless slight or roughness. Would you throw away a diamond simply because it pricked you? One good friend is not to be weighed against the jewels of all the earth. If there is coolness or unkindness between us, let us come face to face and have it out quick, before the love grows cold. Life is too short to quarrel in, or to carry unpleasant thoughts of friends. It is easy to love a friend, but a new one will not come for calling, nor make up for the old one when he comes. H.

HOW GRANT GOT HIS WEST POINT APPOINTMENT.—An Ohio member of Congress says that General Grant once gave him the following account of his admission to West Point: "When I was boy, living in Georgetown, Ill., my mother ran out of butter one morning, and needing some before it could be had at the store, she sent over to the next door neighbor's to borrow some. I was just as well acquainted there as I was at home almost, and opened the door and went in without knocking, and just as I went in one of the folks, the old gentleman, I believe, was reading a letter from a son who was in West Point. I didn't want to disturb them while they were reading the letter, and stood there and heard what was read. Well, the son said in this letter that he had been found—that is, he had failed to pass examination, and he would have to come home, and he had sent the letter one mail ahead, so that the surprise at his return might not be so great. When they got through I borrowed the butter and took it home, and then rushed down to Thomas L. Hamar's office—he was our Congressman then—and I asked him if he would not send me to West Point. He told me that he couldn't send me until this other boy got through, and that wouldn't be for three years yet. "But, Hamar," said I, "suppose this boy should fail to pass examination, and should be sent home, will you send me then?"

"Well, Uly," said he, "I guess if he can't pass there'd be no use of you trying it."

"But I want you to promise that you will send me," said I.

"All right," said he, "if he can't get through I promise to let you try."

"During the day Hamar heard about the other fellow, and the next day I went and asked if he had heard the news. He said he had, and after laughing at me for the way I had got him to make the promise, he said it was all right, I should go. Well, I went, and because my mother happened to be out of butter has made me General of the Army of the United States."

"I declare," said Simon one day to his father, "our Sally has got to be so learned that I can't understand above half what she says; it was only this morning that she stuck *po* on to *tater* and *mo* on to *lasses*."

The Interior of Australia.

The western half of Australia has been traversed in three parallel lines about 300 miles apart; while various shorter explorations have made known large portions of the intermediate country. The southern and northern coasts are also fairly known, and we are forced to conclude that nearly half of the entire continent of Australia is uninhabitable by Europeans. Nowhere else perhaps on the globe do we meet with this strange phenomenon of a dense vegetation combined with an aridity equal to that of that of the Sahara. For the traveler, the country is worse even than the Sahara. For hundreds of miles at a stretch the sandy undulations are covered with the dreaded spinifex, or porcupine grass, which renders it impossible to walk without painful precaution.

Again, for hundreds of miles is found the dense scrub of dwaft eucalyptus, covering the ground like the rods of an osier bed, 10 or 12 feet high, hindering all view of the country, and rendering it necessary literally to bore one's way, like a mole, under ground. Then come acacia scrubs, which add the annoyance of sharp prickles to those of the other kinds. Mrs. Giles tells us that horses dread the triodia, or spinifex, like a pestilence. The constant picking of this grass causes raw and bleeding swelling around their feet; and to escape from it they will prefer to force their way through the densest scrubs, where the ground is soft and the spinifex does not grow. Here they rush along, tearing the coverings off their loads, and frequently forcing sticks between their saddles; then comes a frantic crushing through the scrub, loads are forced off, and horses are lost sight of, and it may take hours or days to recover them. Nor do the travelers escape, for their clothes get torn and ripped to pieces, and their bodies often seriously wounded. Sometimes stinging ants abound to such an extent that the wearied explorer can get no rest. However hot and tired he may be, he dare not lie down in the shade, but must remain exposed to the sun, or lie on the heated soil in order to escape this torment. In other parts the whole country is a mass of angular stones, over which the traveler has to pass for days together, without finding a spot of easier ground; while in some districts Lose sand is heaped up in ridges like the long swell of the ocean, and appearing almost as interminable. Often, after passing days without water, when at length it is discovered it turns out to be undrinkable brine, or it exists in such small quantity as to be insufficient to supply the wants of both men and horses for a single day. Again the extreme uncertainty of the climate and rainfall renders it impossible to depend upon the accounts or previous explorations in the same district.

Where water is at one time abundant and herbage luxuriant, there may be found a year or two later a burnt-up desert. The lake described by one traveler, may be found an expanse of baked mud by his successor; while, where one marched over grassy plains, another may be stopped by inundations which cover the whole country. Exploration, for mere discovery's sake, has now done his work in Australia, and the rest may be left to the unaided expansion of agriculture and commerce. So many outlying stations are already occupied, and the overland telegraph affords so admirable a base of operations, that every spot available for settlement will be found and occupied quite as quickly as desirable. The work that has already been done in so inhospitable a country and so trying a climate is little less than marvelous; and the story of Australian exploration, with its epopees, heroism and martyrdom, affords a convincing proof of the undiminished energies of our countrymen in their southern homes.—*London Times.*

The Egyptian Obelisk for New York.

Lieutenant Commander Gorringe, U. S. N., and his assistant, Lieutenant Schroeder, have sailed for Liverpool, on their way to Egypt, to superintend the removal and shipment of the Cleopatra Needle presented by the late Khedive to the city of New York. The machinery to be used in handling the monolith has been prepared at the Roebling Works, Trenton, under the direction of Mr. Gorringe. The *World* says that this machinery will aggregate about eighty tons in weight. It consists of two towers, each 26 feet in height (which are to be shipped in sections and put together after their arrival in Alexandria,) two steel castings, each weighing over six tons, and a cradle 60 feet in length. The towers correspond to the sides of a gun carriage, and the castings to the trunnions on a gun. Like the machinery for handling the monster gun of the colossal Italian ironclad Duilio, this machinery for moving the Alexandrian obelisk will command the critical attention of machinists and engineers; and it is satisfactory to know that the work of transferring to the New World this great Egyptian monument will be carried out entirely under American auspices.

The method of embarking the obelisk is described as follows: a steam collier having a water ballast compartment will be secured alongside of the pier, and the necessary preparations made for heaving her down to careening lighters placed alongside on the side opposite to the pier. The water ballast compartment will be filled. A port having been opened to admit the obelisk into the fore-hold, it will be launched in. The listing of the steamer from taking its weight will be overcome by heaving down on the careening lighter, and the sinking due to both operations will be counteracted by pumping out the water ballast compartment, thus removing a weight of water corresponding to that of the obelisk. Tidal and wind-drift differences of level will be overcome by my means of a float secured at the shore end after the fashion of a ferry slip.—*N. Y. Scientific American.*

Mark Twain in his new book called "Tramps Abroad," tells how a party of tourists got wet, and what they did when they came back to the hotel: "We stripped and went to bed, and sent our clothes down to be baked; all the horde of soaked tourists did the same. The chaos of clothing got mixed in the kitchen, and there were consequences. I did not get back the same drawers I sent down, when our things came up at 6.15; I got a pair on the new plan. They were merely a pair of long white ruffled, cuffed sleeves, hitched together at the top with a narrow band, and they did not come down to my knees. They were pretty enough, but they made me feel like two people, and disconnected at that. The man must have been an idiot to get himself up like that to rough it in the Swiss mountains. The shirt they brought me was shorter than the drawers and hadn't any sleeves to it—at least it hadn't any more than Mr. Darwin would call rudimentary sleeves: these had edging around them, but the bosom was ridiculously plain. The knit silk undershirt they brought me was on a new plan, and was really a sensible thing; it opened behind and had pockets in it for the shoulder-blades; but they did not seem to fit me, so I found it a sort of uncomfortable garment. They gave my bob-tail coat to somebody else, and sent me an ulster suitable for a giraffe. I had to tie my collar on because there was no button on the foolish shirt which I described a little while ago."

An auctioneer is a man of more-bid tastes and given to knock-down arguments.

JULY MAGAZINES.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for July, apart from its splendid pictorial attractions, is an exceedingly popular Number. One of its strongest features is the beginning of a new American serial novel, by Henry James, Jr., entitled "Washington Square," which promises to be even better than any of his previous novels. The Number opens with a brief but excellent article on the late William M. Hunt, by Miss Maria R. Oakey, with a masterly portrait of the artist, and reproductions of three of his characteristic paintings. This is followed by an exceedingly interesting illustrated descriptive paper (the first of three) entitled, "By-Paths in the Mountains," by Rebecca Harding Davis. Probably the most popular article in the number is Mrs. Oliphant's interesting and excellent biographical sketch of Queen Victoria, with sixteen illustrations. Mr. A. A. Hayes, Jr., contributes a graphic description of the old Santa Fe Trail—full of romantic adventure, with some very striking illustrations by Rogers, while Thomas Knox's paper on "Summer Clubs on Great South Bay," is very timely and entertaining, and is ably illustrated by A. B. Frost. Other articles are "American Colleges and German Universities," by R. T. Ely, "Franklin's Place in the Science of the Last Century," by Dr. J. W. Draper, as well as the continuation of "White Wings" and "Mary Anerley," besides an excellent story, some poems and the always valuable editorial departments.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for July is on our table ahead, as usual. Every number of this magazine has some special feature, and the one this month is an illustrated article on "Royal Beauties of This Century." Among other portraits given is one of Louise, Queen of Prussia, mother of the present German Emperor, one of the most beautiful woman that ever lived, if we may judge from this engraving. Then there is a colored fashion plate; a colored pattern; numerous spirited wood engravings; designs in embroidery, and a score or more of the newest fashion in dresses, hats, bonnets, &c. The stories are even better than usual, and that is saying a great deal. Among them are the opening chapter of a powerful novelet, "The Lost Talisman of Montezuma," by a new contributor, besides other original tales, all by first-class American writers. The price of "Peterson" is but two dollars a year. In clubs, six copies are sent for nine dollars, with an extra copy for a year, as a premium, to the person getting up the club. Unquestionably "Peterson is the *cheapest as well as the best*," as the publisher claims. Specimens are sent, gratis, to persons wishing to get up clubs. As a new volume begins with the July number, now is a capital time to subscribe. Address, CHAS. J. PETERSON 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE JULY ATLANTIC brings the last chapters of Mr. Howells's "Undiscovered Country," which is generally conceded to be the greatest novel he has yet written, with its exquisite descriptions of Shaker life, and its wise and thoughtful treatment of Spiritualism. In "The Stillwater Tragedy," Mr. Aldrich describes a "strike" very forcibly, and brings his hero and heroine into closer relations. Richard Grant White's second article on the plot and personages of "King Lear" will charm all lovers of Shakespeare. Artists and admirers of original and noble character will enjoy Dr. Angell's fourth chapter of "Reminiscences of W. M. Hunt." Lovers of the theatre will find no little interest in J. Brander Matthew's article on "A French Comic Dramatist." Anna Eichberg writes a capital short story "Brown's Retreat." From the posthumous papers of Gen. G. F. Shepley is given a chapter of "Incidents of the Capture of Richmond." The Reminiscences of the Van Buren Administration will interest old readers, and both interest and instruct younger ones. Several good poems, reviews of many recent books, and a variety of charming little essays in the Contributors' Club, complete an excellent number of the ATLANTIC.

The contents of that most excellent Magazine APPLETON'S JOURNAL for July are as follows: "Herr Drommel's Inconsistencies," by Victor Cherbuliez (in Two Parts—Part Second); "The Shakespearean Myth," concluding paper—Extra Shakespearean Theories. II. By Appleton Morgan; "Modern Italian Picturesque Sculpture," by James Jackson Jarves; "The Variations of the Roman Church," by A. P. Stanley, Dean of Westminster; "Plea for Musicians" [illegible] "An Adventuress of the Eighteenth Century" [illegible] "The Dramatic Literature of Spanish Comedy" [illegible] "Concerning Women," by Mrs. Oliphant [illegible] "Madame Louis Napoleon" [illegible] "The Suez Canal and Egyptian Finance," by Charles H. Roome [illegible] "Dickens, Whistler's Proclamation, Channing Centennial Literature" [illegible] "Shakespeare, Editors, and Readers; a Timely Book," Literary Art; Note. Single Number, 25 cents. Yearly Subscription, $3.00.

The July number of REVUE DE LA MODE, one of the finest fashion papers of the day, has been received. This is a monthly illustrated journal containing between 60 and 80 cuts, representing the choicest styles, from the leading dressmakers of Paris, also a large colored plate, and each copy contains illustrations of elegantly trimmed hats, and new forms for the benefit of milliners. Those desiring it, can have a colored Hat-plate instead of Dress plate, by sending for the milliner's edition. *Revue de la Mode* is an imported Journal, published by S. T. Taylor, 536 Broadway, N. Y., to whom application should be made. Price single copies, 35 cents; one year $3.50.

A Volcanic Lake.

M. de Lesseps is credited with describing, on his return to Europe, a singular geological phenomenon. In the republic of San Salvador there is a lake called Hopango, and in January of this year, after a few premonitory shocks of earthquake, three craters suddenly opened in the middle of the lake and belched forth immense volumes of steam, dust and fiery cinders, by and by the three vents merged into one, and an islet of "tuff" and lava uprose above the surface of the waters. Attempts were made to approach this young volcanic island, but the feat was found impossible owing to the boiling of the waters and the showers of dust and clouds of vapor enveloping it. According to latest accounts, the new volcano continues to vomit forth great quantities of steam and virulent gases. All the fishes of the lake are parboiled, and float upon the surface of the water amid the bodies of innumerable dead shell fish and aquatic animals. It is a significant fact that the outburst was preceded by an exceptional rise in the level of the the lake, owing to the rains. This appears to be the first instance on record of a volcano bursting up through the waters of an inland lake; but submarine volcanoes breaking out in the ocean bed are no very rare phenomena.

Ought a lady to husband her resources when she has no resources left, but her daughters.

"Ladies and gentlemen," said an Irish manager to his audience of three, "as there is nobody here, I'll dismiss you all. The performance of this night will not be performed, but will be repeated to-morrow evening."

There is nothing that so takes the starch out of a young man who has been wedded about a year as to go to a store where there is a girl clerk that he used to keep company with, and inquire for those large-sized safety pins.

"I was not aware that you knew him," said Tom Smith to an Irish friend the other day. "Knew him?" said he, in a tone which comprehended the know

THE ROCKLAND GAZETTE.

Thursday, June 24, 1880.

☞ The report of the insanity of Judge Rice, of Augusta, published last week, was untrue.

☞ The public debt of Canada is about one hundred and fifty millions of dollars, and it is increasing.

☞ Maine has the honor of furnishing one candidate for the Presidency—Hon. Neal Dow, of Portland, nominated by the Prohibitionist party at their convention at Cleveland, O., the 17th inst.

☞ At the Republican Convention at Ellsworth, last Thursday, at which Mr. Milliken was nominated for Congress, Seward B. Hume Esq., of Eastport, was nominated as the candidate for Elector from this district.

☞ The discoverer of gold in California, and one of its earliest pioneers, Gen. James A. Sutter, died at Washington last Friday. He was poor and has for a long time subsisted on a small pension granted him by Congress for his discoveries in the Golden State.

☞ I. M. Kalloch, who was arrested for killing Charles De Young, was released from prison on Monday on account of defective proceedings. But he was re-arrested the same day on a new complaint and was committed without bail, to answer the charge.

☞ The Hartford *Post* says the New York *Sun* furnishes the Democratic part of its mud-balls, and has done so since the chief editor of that paper, who was the Assistant Secretary of War under the Lincoln administration, failed to get the foreign mission he sought from President Grant.

☞ The Narragansett-Stonington disaster is to be investigated by the supervising inspector of the Treasury Department at Washington. The local board of inspectors, it seems, will not be given an opportunity to whitewash their own negligence in the premises.

☞ The case of the State of Texas vs. James Currie, who so brutally murdered Mr. Porter, the actor, at Marshall, Texas, was given to the jury at 8.30 P. M. on Saturday. Fifteen minutes later they returned a verdict of not guilty, on the ground of insanity.

☞ Senator Paddock of Nebraska says that the census returns so far received from his State show an increase of population from 128,000 to 500,000, and that the State will probably have five Representatives in Congress under the new apportionment. The grain crops in that region will, it is said ☞ exceed the expectation of the farmers.

☞ Under a decision of the Supreme Court of Indiana, setting aside the amendment of the constitution of that State, changing the time of the State election from October to November, the election this fall for Governor, Legislature and members of Congress will take place on the second Tuesday in October, the same time of the Ohio State election.

☞ The friends of temperance in England have just won an important victory in the House of Commons, that body having affirmed, by a majority of twenty-three, the principle of local option. It was opposed by all those who are in favor of granting unrestricted sale of intoxicating liquors. The temperance men consider this as the first victory towards a prohibitory law, and will not cease their efforts until one is obtained.

☞ The Canadian weather prophet, Vennor, prophesied that June would be so hot that eggs could be boiled in the sun. The *Lewiston Journal* says his prophecy was, in part, fulfilled in that city last Friday. The sun's rays beat so hotly into the window of Mr. Ferd. Jordan's fruit store as to bake a half-bushel of apples that were in the window. The fruit was as nicely cooked as if it had been half an hour in a hot oven.

☞ The official's in charge of the Washington monument have decided to carry it up to a height of 500 feet in stone, and for this purpose have advertised for 400,000 cubic feet of white marble or granite. It will be capped with a pyramid of stone and glass, whose apex will be 550 feet in height thus towering some sixty feet above any structure on earth. A bill has been drafted and reported, appropriating $677,000 for the completion of the monument, which will be pushed at the next session of Congress.

☞ Another steamboat collision has just occurred, which narrowly escaped being a fatal catastrophe. At about eight o'clock on Saturday evening, the immense Rockaway steamer Grand Republic collided with the Long Branch steamer Adelaide, and the latter boat was sunk. The Grand Republic had just landed Henry Ward Beecher's Sunday school, which had taken an excursion, and the Adelaide had just landed its passengers. No lives were lost. Loss, $50,000. Where the blame lies is unknown.

☞ The Greenback Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress for the 5th District, assembled at Belfast Tuesday and was called to order by T. B. Spear, Esq., of Rockland. Ellis Freeman, Esq. of Lincolnville, was made President and W. W. Perry, Esq., of Camden, Secretary. Mr. McLellan, of Belfast, made a speech, withdrawing his name as a candidate, and declaring the Greenback and Democratic parties to be identical. Hon. T. H. Murch was nominated for re-election by acclamation and he make a speech accepting the honor.

☞ The Universalist State Convention commenced its annual session at Brunswick on Tuesday, with a good attendance. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Wm. W. Lovejoy, of Calais. Mrs. Rev. Dr. Quinby made a report on the condition of the Westbrook Seminary. Essays were read by Rev. W. G. Haskell, of Lewiston, on "The Relation of the Church to Education," and by Rev. H. Whitman, of Mechanic Falls, on "What we owe to Education." The claims of denominational schools were also presented.

☞ Miss Jessie Raymond, who sued Senator Ben. Hill for seduction has met with a judicial rebuff in her action. She appeared in the circuit court Saturday. Judge Wylie sustained defendant's demurrer, that her allegations were false, and gave judgment for defendant. This ends the case for the present.

☞ A new counterfeit $100 note on the Exchange National Bank of Baltimore is giving the secret service detectives of the treasury department a great deal of trouble. They have, as yet, no clew to its engraver, although they think, from the fact that it was first uttered in Oregon, that it was manufactured in New York, Boston or Philadelphia. The counterfeit note is distinguishable from the genuine chiefly by its superiority of execution. It is a perfect piece of workmanship.

☞ Messrs. A. & S. E. Spring of Portland, who are largely engaged in the Buenos Ayres trade, received on Monday a cable despatch from their agents in that place, informing them that the port was strictly blockaded. This is unfortunate news, not only for the Messrs. Spring, but, also for lumber dealers and owners of vessels in Portland, who have been engaged in shipping lumber to Buenos Ayres and importing thence, wool, hides &c. The trouble in the Argentine Republic is a political one, and arose from the recent election of a President, in which the candidate of Buenos Ayres was beaten.

☞ A new arrangement of the salaries of postmasters, according to the business transacted at their respective offices has recently been made. Under this arrangement the salary of the postmaster of Lewiston has increased $200; of Auburn $300; of Farmington $100; of Norway $100; of Waterville $100; of Ellsworth $200; of Belfast $200; of Dexter $100; and of Augusta $200. The salary of the postmaster of Bath has been reduced $300; of Mechanic Falls $100; and of Wiscasset $400. The salary of the postmaster of Rockland remains the same, $2100.

☞ The *Hartford Courant* says there is one fact that is sufficient to settle this question of power in the minds of all voters who stand by the Constitution as a Republican document. It is this: In nearly half the States citizens are not yet free in their political action and in the expression of political opinion. In nearly half the States of the Union a "Republican" is still in contempt, and ostracised politically and often socially. As long as that is so the Government cannot safely be turned over to a party that will perpetuate this unconstitutional state of things. And if they obtain control of the Government for four years they are likely to keep it for twenty.

☞ The Troy, N. Y., Times gives the Republicans some good advice and says, "the party is reasonably certain to win again this year, and the less that is said by way of reviving old disputes the better it will be for the ticket. Mr. Blaine, we observe, is about to take off his coat and go to work in behalf of Garfield and Arthur on the stump Mr. Conkling, it is understood will do the same. These two eminent Republicans will most assuredly have nothing to say about the triumphs they achieved at Chicago; neither will they dilate upon their disappointments. Manfully accepting the situation as it is, they propose to do their best to insure continued supremacy for the Republican party, and to advance the principles embodied in its platform. That is what all Republicans should do, regardless of differences of opinion as to candidates."

☞ A notorious counterfeiter, named Harrison has been arrested at Toronto, Canada. After his arrest he gave information where the plates could be found, and was taken with detectives to the woods where a box was found in the ground containing seven plates, namely, $10 on the Ontario bank, $5 on the Canadian Bank of Commerce, $1 on the Dominion bank, $1 and $2 Dominion of Canada notes, and two $5 plates on United States legal tenders. There is a standing reward of $5,000 by the United States government for the capture of the two last mentioned plates. The whole of them are valued at $15,000. Harrison has been counterfeiting 30 years. He is an engraver and his work is so well executed that the American notes passed through the Treasury department at Washington undetected. This is considered the biggest counterfeiting arrest made on the continent for years.

☞ One of the most important test cases ever tried in American courts was begun the first of this month in the United States Court at Omaha and Yankton. The Ponca Indians, as plaintiffs, enter suit to recover their land and houses from the Sioux, to whom they were given by the Government. Not only is the title of the Poncas to their homes from which they have been so long banished to be determined by this suit, but it is to be made the test case by which the legal status of the Indian in this country will be definitely settled. For this purpose funds have been contributed by the friends of the Indian in the East to push the suit, if necessary, up to the Supreme Court of the United States. The Government has never recognized the Indian as a "person" in the eye of the law, and the decision of this suit will settle the question whether the Indian has any legal rights in our Courts.

☞ Adjt. Gen. Beal has issued orders under which the old 1st regiment of infantry Maine volunteer militia, is disbanded, and all field, staff and non-commissioned staff officers honorably discharged. All enlisted men of the Maine volunteer militia who enlisted prior to April 1, 1880 are honorably discharged. The following named companies will constitute the 1st regiment of infantry, Maine volunteer militia: Portland Light Infantry, Portland, company A; Portland Mechanic Blues, Portland, company B; Auburn Light Infantry, Auburn, company C; Norway Light Infantry, Norway, company D; Montgomery Guards, Portland, company E; Capitol Guards, Augusta, company F; Biddeford Light Infantry, Biddeford, company G; Richards Light Infantry, Gardiner, company H. The following named companies will constitute the 2d regiment of infantry; Crosby Guards Hampden, company A; Hersey Light Infantry, Oldtown, company B; Dexter Light Infantry, Dexter, company C; Tillson Light Infantry, Rockland, company D; Skowhegan Light Infantry, company E; Donty Guards, Dover, company F; Jameson Guards, Bangor, company G; Belfast City Guard, Belfast, company H.

The Cincinnati Convention.

GEN. HANCOCK, the Nominee

The National Democratic Convention assembled at Cincinnati on Tuesday. It was called to order by Ex-Senator Barnum of Connecticut, chairman of the Democratic National Committee and after prayer by Rev. C. W. Wendete of Cincinnati, Hon. George A. Hoadley of Ohio was made temporary chairman. Temporary secretaries &c. were appointed until the temporary organization was made complete. The roll was then called and committees on permanent organization, credentials and resolutions were named by the States.

The Massacusetts delegations settled their difficulties amicably, both the Abbott and the Butler delegations taking seats in the Convention. When New York was reached John Kelly attempted to address the Convention, but the President refused to recognize him as a delegate.

A motion to hold an evening session met with so much opposition that it was withdrawn, and the Convention, a little after 2 o'clock, adjourned to 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

In the evening the committee on credentials had a session and took up the New York contest. After hearing both factions they decided, by a vote of 32 to 4, to exclude the Tammany delegates, and to allow the sitting delegates to retain their seats

The committee on permanent organization decided to make J. W. Stevenson of Kentucky President of the Convention and to retain the temporary secretaries &c.

The New York delegation, at a meeting Tuesday afternoon, took a ballot for a candidate for President which resulted as follows: Payne 38, Tilden 11, English 10, Bayard 6, Hancock 1, Randall 1. The chairman was then instructed to cast the 70 votes of New York for Payne, until further instructed by the delegation.

Henry Watterson of Kentucky, is chairman of the Committee on Resolutions and B. Young, of Georgia of the Committee on Credentials.

On Wednesday, the report of the Committees on Permanent Organization was laid on the table and the report of the Committee on Credentials was read. John Kelly was called for to present the case of the New York contesting delegation, his name being received with hisses. Kelly was not present and Geo. W. Miller, of Albany, appeared for the contestants instead. After a long discussion, the minority report of the Committee on Credentials, favoring the admission of 20 of the contestants from New York, was rejected, and the majority report was adopted.

At 1.30 P. M., the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization was adopted and Judge Stevenson assumed the chair.

The Committee on Resolutions not being ready to report, it was voted to proceed to the nomination of candidates. The names of a large number of candidates were then presented—Judge Field being nominated by Mr. McElrath of Cal; James F. Bayard by Mr. Gray, of Delaware; Wm. R. Morrison of Ill. by Mr. Mousell of the same State; Thomas B. Hendricks by Mr. Voorhees of Ind; Senator Thurman by Mr. McSweeney of Ohio, and Gen. Hancock by Mr. Dougherty of Pa.

After the speeches presenting the names of candidates, the convention proceeded to the first ballot for a candidate.

At the conclusion of the first ballot, the Convention adjourned to 10 A. M. to-day.

The Convention re-assembled this forenoon according to adjournment. A second ballot was taken, in which Gen. Hancock came to the front with long strides, and on the third ballot he was nominated. The following are the first and second ballots as reported here by W. U. Telegraph:

	1st ballot.	2d ballot.
Hancock,	172	333
Bayard,	149	113
Payne,	91	
Field,	69 1-2	65 1-2
Thurman,	68 1-2	50
Morrison,	56	
Hendricks,	49	31
Tilden,	38	61 1-2
Seymour,	8	
Randall,	6	129
Loveland,	5	
McDonald,	3	
McClellan,	2	
Black,	1	
English,	1	19
Parker,	1	2
Jewett,	1	1
Lathrop,	1	

The details of the third ballot have not been received here.

Republican State Convention.

The Republican State Convention assembled at Augusta yesterday and is reported to have been a very large and enthusiastic gathering. Hon. L. A. Emery, of Ellsworth, was made temporary chairman and Messrs. F. H. Guptill of Saco, Geo. H. Watkins of Paris, J. M. Studley of Warren and W. H. Looney of Portland were chosen secretaries. The organization was afterwards made permanent, with a Vice President from each county, P. E. Ingalls, of Washington, representing Knox. Edwin Sprague was put on the State Committee from Knox and H. Bliss, Jr., on the Committee on Resolutions.

Speeches were made by Hon. T. B. Reed, Gen. J. A. Hall and others, and Gov. Davis was subsequently unanimously nominated by acclamation and came in and thanked the Convention in a brief speech.

The resolutions endorse the Chicago platform and candidates, denounce the "counting out," endorse prohibition, declare in favor of the constitutional amendment electing Governor by plurality and heartily endorse Gov. Davis.

Hon. J. S. Wheelwright, of Bangor, and Hon. Ira H. Foss of Saco, were nominated for electors at large.

☞ The Maine Baptist Missionary Convention began its annual session at Augusta, Monday evening, with a social and praise meeting. Tuesday the Convention met, President Robins in the chair, who delivered the opening address. Various papers were presented, read and discussed. The treasurer reported the receipts during the year to be $8.500, and the expenditures $5.550. The reports from the various churches show that the Baptists of Maine have been steadily growing during the year. The whole number of additions to the churches during the year, by baptism is 550.

☞ The Maine delegation to the Cincinnati Convention organized by electing Bion Bradbury as chairman and J. E. Moore as Secretary. Darius Alden was selected to represent the delegation in the convention as Vice President; John B. Redman as Secretary; Arthur Sewall as Committee on Credentials; McNichols on Resolutions; and Edmund Wilson as a member of the National Committee.

☞ Various New England ministers preached sermons last Sunday upon the question why the masses do not attend church, suggested by an article on this topic in the *Boston Sunday Herald* of the previous week. Rev. Washington Gladden, of Springfield, began by questioning the truth of the assumption that people do not attend church as generally as in former days. At the time of the Revolution there was one church to every 1538 inhabitants; now there is one for every 535, and if the churches are not now more than two-thirds full they must contain as large a proportion of the population as could possibly have attended 100 years ago. He thinks that "the unfaithfulness, the dishonesty, the unkindness, the various wrong doing" of which many church members are guilty make the great barrier that keeps people out of the churches. Rev. Dr. Butler of this State, preaching at Augusta, said that "most of our churches have become exclusive, close corporations. People who go to church dress too finely and extravagantly. We build too expensive churches. If I had my way, I'd take every steeple down. I'd have no man mark a pew as his own." He thought the main trouble was a lack of "earnestness, enterprise and enthusiasm." The preacher and church that have a real genuine Christian magnetism will compel the people to come in. Rev. Dr. Smith, of Somerville, said that the real reason which keeps people out of the churches is that they *don't want to go*. Other assigned reasons are only excuses, but this is the real one. We think the Rev. Dr. is right. A man will groan over the expense of a seat for his family in church—a thing he don't want to pay for and which he regards in the light of an irksome expense—when he will cheerfully pay twice as much annually for cigars, for pleasure trips, or for amusements, without stopping to pinch the money when he pays it out, or calculate whether he can "afford" it. It does not require half so bad weather to detain the average man or woman from church as is required to discourage them from attending a social gathering, a ball, the theatre or the opera. But por contra, and to end in the strain in which Mr. Gladden began, we do not believe, in point of fact that the church is on the decline. A writer in last Sunday's *Herald* gives facts and figures to show that the value of church property and the magnitude of real church work has increased during the last twenty-five years in much greater ratio than the increase in population, and that the church's "hold on the masses" is growing stronger.

[New York Tribune.

Exports and Prices.

The last week has been one of especial encouragement in business, because it was the week of the largest exports ever known from this port. During April and May, as official returns just issued show clearly, the export movement was checked by the high prices still demanded for American products. We sent abroad less butter and much less cheese than in the corresponding months of last year, but at much higher prices; less pork, but at higher prices; and much less corn, oats, and rye for the same reason; while the enormous demand for wheat abroad was so far checked that the shipments from this country in May, 1880, were scarcely greater than in May, 1879, the average export price for the month being 21 cents per bushel higher. But the sharp fall in prices has had a good effect. Wheat has fallen from $1,46 in May to $1,25 for No. 2 red; corn has declined about 5 cents per bushel; cotton goods are as low for some qualities as in September last; the butter and cheese markets are said to be demoralized by the accumulation of unsold stocks; and the change in prices of other products has generally been in the same direction. As affecting the imports which decreased in amount to $7,805,490 last week, it may be noticed that Eglinton Scotch pig iron sold here as low as $18 during the week, and American No. 1 foundry sold at $22,50.

The decline in the price of wheat, which has given timely opportunity to market many million bushels abroad, was chiefly caused by the favorable news in regard to the coming crops. With the large increase acreage already reported, a moderately favorable condition at this season would give promise of a yield in excess of that of last year, but the condition as to wheat appears to be more than moderately favorable. Harvesting of Winter wheat has commenced, with excellent reports as to yield, and the severe rainstorms in the Northwest have done no damage, it is said, to the Spring wheat there, as it is not yet far enough advanced. The unfavorable feature for this country is that the crops of Europe also promise well, later news indicating improvement in England, France, Algeria, Austria and Hungary. Great changes may come before these crops can be harvested, but it is wise not to forget that the United States will be utterly unable to find a market for a crop of wheat as large as that of last year, unless there should be another extraordinary deficiency in many European countries. The officially reported exports for eleven months ending with May were 134,845,698 bushels of wheat and 5,255,310 barrels of flour, equivalent to 158,494,593 bushels in all, the export value being $198,706,948. But June has evidently been far in excess of May in quantity of grain exported, for the quantity sent from the chief Atlantic ports in only two weeks of the month was about 6,600,000 bushels, while the third week will make a still larger report. Thus it will appear that we shall have found a market during the year for 172,000,000 to 175,000,000 bushels of wheat, but under ordinary circumstances the foreign markets could not take 100,000,000 bushels; indeed, about 92,000,000 bushels was the largest quantity ever taken in any year prior to 1879. If we should produce in 1880 about 75,000,000 bushels more than we can consume or find a market for, the consequence would be an extremely low price of wheat.

The excellent prospects of the cotton crop suggest a similar inquiry. The Agricultural Bureau and the Cotton Exchange substantially agree that the cotton this year is 7 1-3 to 8 1-3 per cent larger than it was last year, and the reports of condition are about 3 per cent more favorable than those of this date last year. If these indications should be sustained by an increase of about 10 per cent over the the unprecedented yield of last year, cotton can hardly be sustained in price. *The Financial Chronicle* shows that the yield of 1879 will prove to have been about 5,675,000 bales. An increase of 10 per cent would make a crop of 6,242,000 bales, or about 240,000,000 pounds in excess of the largest exports in any year, those of 1860, and the largest domestic consumption in any year, that of 1878-'79. There might be a doubt whether a market could be found for so large a crop even at reduced prices.

☞ Yesterday, as the western bound afternoon passenger train on the Knox & Lincoln railroad had just rounded a curve approaching Damariscotta Mills, the Engineer perceived some object between the rails a short distance ahead and whistled "down brakes." Just as he had done so, a child lifted up his head, and it being impossible to stop the train in season, he was struck by the engine and the train passed over him. As soon as the train could be stopped, those in charge went back and took up the child, a little boy of three or four years, and found him still breathing but unconscious. There were two bruises on his head. The father of the lad, Mr. Joseph Mulligan, came out of his house, close by, and carried the little fellow into the house, where he died in a few minutes. The child must have been lying down between the sleepers, and the gravel not being up to the surface of the ties, he was not seen so soon as he otherwise might have been.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

Our European Letter.

LONDON, ENG. June 11, 1880.

The suspicions of Europe, and notable those of France, have been aroused by the addition of 27,000 regulars to the German army, not a very large number, it is true, but enough to indicate a purpose. What that purpose may be, every one is left to his own conjecture, but it points to the very reverse of disarming, or the millenium which the good Emperor prays for. The effect of this strengthening of military force on contiguous and jealous Powers was obvious. France and Russia would also begin to swell their ranks, and in order to checkmate this movement the wily Chancellor puts into the mouth of the Emperor the most positive assurances of continued peace. Germany has no grievances with any of her neighbors. On the contrary, she is on the most friendly and affectionate terms with all. Content with her recent victories, conquests and spoils, she feels like a sated boa that has swallowed an ox, and only wants to lie in the sun and digest her engorgement. But she will sleep with her armor on, and will keep a "Watch on the Rhine," and this is about all that the Emperor's paean to peace amounts to, a lullaby for his warlike rivals. In the meantime France is daily gaining strength, and like Tam O'Shanter's wife, "nursing her wrath to keep it warm." A renewal of the struggle to recover the Rhine provinces is only a question of time, so far as the determination of the French people is concerned, no matter how well the Governments may mask themselves with friendly disguises. Unless both nations are preparing for a great war, these enormous standing armies are a mere mockery, a cruel fraud on the people who support them. The very appearance of a soldier on the street portends a coming war, and men and emperors may cry "peace, peace, but there is no peace," and there will be none so long as human passions exist, for war is the normal condition of man.

The opening of our great annual picture show will be the leading artistic event of next week, but by means of those mysterious privileges which pertain to London correspondents I have already had a look round the walls of Burlington House, before even the gentlemen of our Press are admitted. A former letter referred to some of the works in the studios of the artists, but there are many other interesting things. John Brett has a sketch of blue summer sea, with some clouds drifting away on the far horizon, which would be a "joy forever" on one's walls. It is so absolutely true and beautiful that it acts on one quite as a tonic—like a look at the sea itself. You almost sniff the salt savour as you gaze. Princep's picture of the "Proclamation of the Queen as Empress of India" is an abortion. So much has been said of it that it is a grievous disappointment. It is thirty feet long and occupies the entire end of a gallery, which makes matters worse. The coloring is glaring to the last degree, and the drawing execrable. One could not have conceived it possible that a Royal Commission had such a damaging effect on a usually clever artist. The academy is remarkably rich in landscape this year. Leader has a glorious Swiss view and a summer flood in North Wales, which make one long to pack up a portmanteau and be off "somewhere," even before July has set in. The grievous thing connected with this year's exhibition, however, is the number of fine works which the Council have had to send away purely from want of space. These have nothing to do with the class of pictures which came in such shoals this year, and were so irredeemably bad that they were rejected at the rate of seventeen a minute.

EDWARD.

In the City.

✠ Saint John Baptist's Day, to-day.

✠ The Methodist Parsonage is being repaired.

✠ Steamer Pioneer now makes two trips per day.

✠ The reservoir on Grace street has received a new cover.

✠ There ought to be some new sidewalk to Masonic street.

✠ Wild strawberries are selling in the streets for fifteen cents a pound.

✠ A sail boat capsized in the bay Saturday afternoon. Nobody drowned.

✠ A lady picked up a pair of eye glasses at the foot of Elm street last Saturday.

✠ The number of subscribers connected with the telephone exchange has reached twenty-three.

✠ Mrs. Morse, Spiritualist, will speak at the Middle street schoolhouse, Ward 7, next Sunday.

✠ G. A. Safford's horse started to run this morning, but was stopped before any serious damage was done.

✠ Rev. Dr. Quinby, of Augusta, preached at the Universalist church last Sunday and gave an able discourse.

✠ Mr. Pearl Wight and family arrived here on Tuesday, from New Orleans, and will spend the summer in Rockland.

✠ A neat and handy article for excursions and parties is the pocket soda fountain. Call on W. B. Hix's and see them.

✠ A reception to their new pastor, Rev. C. Stone, is to be given by the Methodist Society, at their vestry, this evening.

✠ Native strawberries, from the gardens of Messrs. Josiah Achorn and A. J. Tolman, were in the market last Saturday.

✠ At the Congregational church, last Sunday Rev. Mr. Cross, of Camden, filled the pulpit, in exchange with Rev. Mr. Blair.

✠ The delegates from this city and vicinity to the Greenback district convention, at Belfast, were taken by the Steamer Pioneer.

✠ The moonlight excursion to Vinalhaven on the barge Juno, accompanied by the Singhi Band, was a very pleasant one and participated in by a large company.

✠ The "Old 53" cigar and Seidenberg "Key West," are "reliable." Try them and your smoke will be one of perfect contentment. Sold in Rockland by all first-class dealers. Made at 53 Blackston street, Boston.

✠ Summer travel is setting in quite briskly. There were 226 arrivals at the Thorndike Hotel for the week ending Wednesday evening.

✠ Steamer Mt. Desert has changed her running time to the summer arrangement, now making four trips per week, on the Saturday trip going to Bar Harbor and returning Sunday.

✠ Great London Circus at Bath to-day. Two hundred and sixty-nine persons went from this city on the Knox & Lincoln excursion, the most of them on the special 6 o'clock train.

✠ The Baptist State Convention is held at Augusta this week and the Universalist State Convention at Brunswick. Rev. Mr. Barrows of this city is attending the session of the first-named body.

✠ Rev. Julius H. Ward, formerly rector of St. Peter's church in this city, delivered an able baccalaureate discourse before the graduates of the Groveland, Mass., High School, last Sunday evening.

✠ The *Bangor Commercial* says that Union Hose Co. of that city will visit this city on the 15th and 16th of next month and that they will wear their new uniforms for the first time on that occasion.

✠ Great numbers are availing themselves of the rare bargains given at the closing out sale of F. R. Spear's rich stock of crockery, glass-ware, etc., corner of Main and Park streets. Go and see what low prices are offered.

✠ Our former fellow citizen Mr. Charles W. Snow, is in town and looking in good health. Mr. Snow spent the winter in Florida, as is his custom. His residence during the remaining portion of the year is in Hollis, Me.

✠ Rev. W. O. Holman, formerly of this city, and for a number of years pastor of the Bunker Hill Baptist church, has been invited to assume the supervision of the Baptist camp meeting at Martha's Vineyard this summer.

✠ Some specimens of gold-bearing sulphites taken from the Chapman mine are on exhibition in the Savings Bank window and are pronounced by those who profess to know, the best yet seen at the depth they were taken from, about seventeen feet.

✠ The present term of the city schools will close to-morrow. The term has been a satisfactory one except that its efficiency has been somewhat interfered with by the general prevalence of measles. In some schools as many as twenty pupils have been down at once with this disease.

✠ The Tillson Light Infantry (which has been assigned as Co. D. of the Second Regiment) is to occupy the "City Hall," on Spring street, as an armory and it is to receive the necessary changes to fit it for their occupancy including an outside flight of stairs in place of those now in use.

✠ The *Courier* says that the genial *Hawkeye* humorist, Bob Burdette, designed to make Rockland his summer home this year, but has been obliged to relinquish the plan, on account of the precarious state of his wife's health, which will prevent their coming farther East than Nantucket.

✠ Special attention is called to the advertisement of fire works, flags, Chinese lanterns and other helps to celebrate the "glorious Fourth" at Smith's Music and Variety Store. Croquet, base ball and other seasonable goods may be also found in great variety.

✠ The session of the Knox & Lincoln Musical Association will be held at Farwell Hall, in this city, on the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th of October. Carl Zerrahn has been engaged as Conductor, and eminent solo talent will be secured, but has not yet been selected. A full and successful session of the Convention may confidently be anticipated.

✠ The worst thing we wish our Methodist friends is that they may be given the funds wherewith to purchase the property adjoining their parsonage lot, corner of Union and Masonic streets, and to build a nice new parsonage on the two lots. They will probably be able to accomplish this very desirable improvement some day.

✠ Next Sunday will be observed as "Children's Sunday" at the Congregational church. Rev. Mr. Blair will deliver an appropriate address at the morning service and in the evening the members of the Sunday-school will present Root's sacred cantata entitled "Under the Palms."

✠ The alarm of fire on Tuesday proceeded from Railroad Wharf, the wharf having taken fire in two or three places from a locomotive. One of the steamers and the "Gen. Berry" were on hand and wet down the wharf thoroughly. No damage of any account was done.

✠ Mr. Geo. Cleveland, of Camden, in driving from front door of the Lindsey House into Main street, about noon to-day, was thrown out upon his head and shoulders by a sudden jolt of the wagon. He was taken up insensible, but recovered after a while and escaped serious injury.

✠ At a meeting of the members of the Congregational Society last Friday evening, it was unanimously voted to invite Rev. J. J. Blair to continue his pastorate on the conditions proposed in his letter a month or two since, declining to be settled as their pastor—two months notice to be given by either party upon a desire to cancel the agreement.

✠ A large gathering of people assembled on the shore near the Five Kilns, last Sunday noon, to witness the administration of the ordinance of baptism to four candidates, by Rev. W. C. Barrows of the First Baptist Church. Those who received the rite were Mr. Chas. Wooster and Misses. Lizzie N. Jones, Evvie M. Brainerd and Jessie Wallace.

✠ We had the pleasure, a few days since of examining a floral sketch composed of pink and white Azalias on a blue ground, painted on porcelain. The flowers looked natural, and the bird that was aiming for them rendered the picture perfect and vivid. It was done in a lively, artistic and and beautiful style by Mrs. Mather, and was intended as a marriage gift to a friend. It was a charming evidence of her proficiency in the art.

✠ Massachusetts is troubled with the army worm. They have reached Springfield and are said to be making clean work of every field of grass and grain which they attack. This pest invaded Rockland a few years since and their march was effectively stopped by pouring kerosene oil along in a narrow trail across their line of march and setting it on fire. When they came to this "dead line" they died by thousands and none were able to cross it.

✠ The Gen. Berry Engine Co. offer about the only opportunity that is to be afforded our citizens to celebrate the "glorious Fourth" and therefore it should be generously improved. They will make a grand excursion to Bangor, on Monday, the 5th, on the barge "Juno," accompanied by the Singhi Cornet Band, leaving Tillson's Wharf at 6.30 A. M., arriving in Bangor in season to give excursionists several hours in the city, and leaving on the return trip at 6 P. M. The fare for the round trip will be only a dollar, making it a cheap, as well as a very pleasurable excursion.

✠ We learn that a cable despatch was received from London, on Tuesday afternoon, by Judge Levensaler, of Thomaston, announcing the death of Capt. Eben A. Thorndike, of South Thomaston, at noon on that day. A fatal termination of Capt. Thorndike's disease had been apprehended for several weeks past, but the news of his death has none the less been received with deep regret by the large number of those who knew and esteemed him and who deeply sympathize with his bereaved family. Capt. T. was an able and successful shipmaster and a man who was held in high esteem wherever he was known. His last command was the ship Baring Brothers.

The burial of Capt. Thorndike in England was by his own request, expressed some time before his death and communicated to his friends here in a letter from Mr. Ellis, of London, received about the same time as the telegraphic announcement of his death.

✠ An alarm of fire was given between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday, but from the uncertain sound of the First Baptist bell, which was used to notify the fire department and public, one would have judged that the summons was to some sad and slow occasion, rather than notice of an emergency requiring prompt action. It was not the fault of "Uncle William," who was at the bell rope, either, but the bell, or hangings, is in such condition at present that it can not practically be used as an effective fire-alarm. We ought to have a more definite and effective system of fire alarm than that now in vogue. A petition to the City Council, numerously signed, has been in circulation for the past week or two asking for the adoption of some more efficient method of giving fire alarms, and we hope that some definite action may be taken upon it.

✠ The favorite steamer New Brunswick arrived here Sunday morning, on her first trip in the service of the Sanford Steamship Co. She has recently received important improvements, including 42 new state-rooms. The following are her officers:—Captain, F. C. Homer; 1st Pilot, Capt. Shute; Second Pilot, Capt. Thompson; Clerk, Mr. Hanscome; Second Clerk, Mr. Mason; First Engineer, Mr. Taylor; Second Engineer, Mr. Gulliver; Steward, Mr. Thompson; Mate, Mr. Stevenson; Second Mate, Mr. Homer.

✠ Dr. J. P. Cowles of Camden, has recently been given considerable time and attention to the investigation of the new pathological theory that all or nearly all diseases are caused by the presence of various parasites or minute forms of animal life in the human organism. This theory has been put forth by an eminent physician, whose conclusions have been adopted, in whole or in part, by various members of the profession. Dr. C. has pursued his investigations with the aid of a powerful microscope and has reached the conclusion that the theory referred to has a sound basis. He has also prepared a remedy which he believes will prove effective in destroying the parasites and has several chronic cases under treatment which are showing very marked improvement, as he informs us.

✠ The general agent of the Sanford Steamship Company notified Gen. Tillson, a few days ago, that the company would accept his proposition for their steamers to make their landings at his wharf, foot of Sea street. Gen. Tillson's proposition included an offer to purchase the Atlantic Wharf (three-fourths of which is owned by the Sanford Steamship Co.) and the right-of-way thereto, at an appraisal of its value to be made by three disinterested citizens of Rockland. The new arrangement will doubtless be consummated within a short time. Gen. Tillson has made a similar offer to the Portland, Bangor & Machias Steamboat Co., with reference to Commercial Wharf, and in a short time it is expected that all the steamers will be making their landings at Tillson's Wharf. This will not only secure largely improved facilities for the steamers, but will be a great accommodation to the traveling public in point of convenience, reducing the distance from the hotels and the business center of the city considerably more than one-half.

✠ When all the steamers make their landings at Tillson's Wharf, as will soon doubtless be the case, Sea street will become a much more important thoroughfare than it is now, and being the avenue through which strangers reach the city, its crookedness and generally unattractive aspect will not be calculated to give them a very favorable impression of Rockland. The demands of the increased travel and freighting on this street will make its improvement in the highest degree desirable, if not absolutely essential. A new plank sidewalk will be laid, which will accomodate foot passengers, but a much more important improvement, which must be made sooner or later, is to straighten the street by carrying it to the left, so as to take out the present curve, which will necessitate building some sort of a sea-wall and filling up some rods of the cove adjoining the present bank. This would make a straight avenue from Main street to the head of Tillson's Wharf and would greatly improve this part of the city.

✠ The joint special committee of the City Council appointed under a resolution requesting them to obtain a statement of the grievances of Ward 7 and proposition from them for such an adjustment of those grievances as would satisfy them and prevent further efforts to divide the city, held a meeting at the Aldermen's Room on Friday evening, according to notice, for that purpose. No deputation from that ward was in attendance, but a communication was received signed by S. M. Bird, Jeremiah Tolman and Isaac Orbeton, stating the causes of complaint. They ask relief from taxation for fire department, police, lighting streets and various other things and furthermore ask a legal guaranty that these immunities may be granted them. The signers of the statement stated that they were not specifically authorized by a ward meeting to make this proposition, but that they had no doubt a compliance with its conditions would be satisfactory to the inhabitants of the ward. We would publish the document in full for the information of our readers, but the committee do not think it proper to allow its publication before they have reported it to the City Council.

✠ Last Saturday forenoon, Mrs. Abby Marshall, an old lady of 77, and in broken health, who lives with her daughter, Mrs. S. H. Burpee, met with a shocking accident. Just before the accident, Mrs. Marshall had gone into the back entry, closing the door, leaving Miss Carrie Manning, who is employed in the family, in the kitchen. Mrs. M. smokes a pipe occasionally. Some time since she had several attacks of paralysis, which had enfeebled her mind, and on account of her age and condition, she and been cautioned never to use her pipe, except in the presence of some of the household, who could guard against accident happening to her. On the occasion referred to she went into the small back hall and sat down on the sill of the door communicating with an outer entry, and as afterwards appeared, proceeded to light her pipe. Either by dropping the match she was using in her lap, or by accidently setting one on fire in pulling them apart, or otherwise, she set fire to her clothing. Miss Manning suspected nothing wrong until hearing a rustling noise in the entry, she opened the door and was horrified to see the old lady completely enveloped in flames. Almost paralyzed by the shocking sight, she yet had presence of mind to turn and seize a pail of water which stood in the sink, and dashed its contents over Mrs. Marshall, which almost entirely extinguished the fire. The girl, much overcome by the occurrence, then ran into the sitting room to inform the family, and the unfortunate old lady was rendered all the assistance possible. It was found that she was shockingly burned on the left side of her face and neck, as well as the entire length of her left arm, and there were also burns on the same side of her body, but not nearly so severe as those on her face and arm. A considerable portion of her clothing was entirely burned off. She subsequently said that she at first tried to put out the fire herself and that then the smoke and fire so suffocated her that she could not call for assistance. She does not suffer much from her injuries, and although her age and enfeebled condition are against her, she seems to be doing well and her recovery is hoped for.

✠ The handsome and spacious passenger and freight house on Tillson's wharf is rapidly approaching completion. When all is done we are confident that Rockland can show a more substantial wharf, with more convenient and handsome accommodations for public travel, than is to be found in the country. There is certainly no wharf and passenger house to compare with it in New York or Boston. The building covers about one-sixth of an acre and its size and general plan we published some months ago, when the plans were first drawn. The conveniences are all first class. There are three large landing slips, on as many different faces of the wharf, all running into the building. There is a large covered space for a coach-stand and on the principal front the roof of the building proj

Several strangers are in town including a brother from Hartford, Conn., of the *Gazette* correspondent.

The strong cold wind of last Tuesday created some fears among tenants of old and rickety houses, besides affording an opportunity for many ladies to exhibit their mild disposition and Christian grace, by picking up their clean washing, which had been hung out to dry, but had either become filled with dust or blown down.

The soil is exceedingly dry and it is feared that unless we have rain soon the crops will suffer seriously.

Some of our farmers have already commenced to cut their grass, and when it is remembered that usually those who commence early to make their hay have the best weather, we should advise all to begin this part of their work as soon as possible.

The Union Fish Co. are looking for a steamer to use in their business in gathering fish from their different fisheries and from the islands and they expect to purchase or build one.

FRIENDSHIP.

Rev. Mr. Sawyer, the new pastor of the Methodist church, has preached in the Methodist house the past two Sabbaths. He is a pleasant speaker and his sermons are interesting and instructive. There are indications of a better interest in the church and society.

The traveling public will be glad to learn that more money and labor than usual have been expended on the roads in this town, this season and that they will be in excellent condition within a few days.

Within the past week several large vessels have loaded with ice at the Forest Lake Ice House and three or four more are laying in the harbor waiting for cargoes. The fishermen are getting a fine catch of fish. They find it difficult to get plenty of bait. With plenty of good bait they could get all the fish they want.

There are a few pogies in the bay, and the past week some mackerel have been taken in nets.

It has been very dry the past two or three weeks and grass and grain have suffered for want of rain. This (Monday) afternoon we had a little shower, which has improved the looks of vegetation very much. X.

Maine Mines.

The New York Daily *Mining News* of Saturday, contains an editorial on the present condition of the mining industry in this State, which may be looked upon as expressing the views of an outsider, though of one who has had some experience in the business. We make the following extracts from the article:

"We do not think that the time has come when anybody can speak authoritatively and positively in regard to the future of the many mining enterprises now on foot in Maine, but one thing is certain and settled beyond all question, that the developments are so full of promise and all the indications are so strongly in favor of the mines that the promoters have a good claim upon attention and have a right to come before the public asking for money to make further developments.

It is development that tells. A shaft 100 feet deep is scarcely ever enough to make a mine. No matter what showing it makes it does not prove much excepting that it may justify further work. We urge upon our Maine friends this point—to continue their work patiently, quietly and economically. They have every reason to hope for the best results, but the mines of the West are now offering so many attractions, and there are so many mining properties on the market in comparison with the capital which is readily accessible for this purpose, that the Maine mines will probably be called upon to stand severer tests than the Western mines, but this will only be all the better for them in the end. Many a district in the West will be ruined within the next year from the same cause. The last thing Maine should pray for is a mining boom. The one thing they should insist upon is a continuance of work in their mines—underground work, not work in the stock market. The company that puts in the most development work on its mine before appealing to the public will have smoother sailing, and will make most money."

THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Toledo, Delphos & Burlington Railroad Co. are popular with the most conservative investor on account of the extremely low mortgage, less than $7000 per mile of finished road, and for the certainty of the payment of interest and principal when due. This road, running through Northwestern Ohio and Central Indiana, has ample facilities for transportation, and is situated favorably for a permanent and prosperous business. The country is rich in cereal production, and is inhabited by a thrifty and well-to-do class of people. The whole issue of these bonds, running 30 years at 6 per cent., is $1,250,000, upon 185 miles of road with only $400 per mile to pay annually for interest. For merit and stability no better loan is offered in the market. Geo. Wm. Ballou & Co., of New York are selling these bonds.

The Hop Bitters Company offered the magnificent purse of $5000 to be competed for by two rival oarsmen at Washington. The proprietor of the old fashioned hand-made "Norlega" cigars gives to the community of smokers what is far better to them than any racing prizes viz: The *best cigar* the country affords for a *ten cent piece*. Sold by W. H. Kittredge, Edward Merrill and at Thorndike Hotel.

Our Small Ailments

are the predecessors of great ones. Disorders of the Liver are not in the beginning difficult to overcome, but if allowed to gain headway they play grievous mischief with the internal mechanism. Check them at the outset with DR. GROSVENOR'S LIVER-AID, and prevent disastrous results. Constipation, Flatulency, Diarrhœa of a bilious type, Leucorrhœa, affections of the skin arising from biliousness, sick headache proceeding from the same cause, are each and all overcome by this searching eradicant. 1w30

The 14th annual session of the Grand Temple of Honor of Maine, will be held at Lewiston, on Friday and Saturday, June 25th and 26th. Round trip tickets at one fare will be sold at the various stations on the Maine Central road; and from Rockland and Damariscotta Mills, on the Knox & Lincoln road to delegates.

Still More Evidence.

S. P. Blackbourne, firm of Roberts, Blackbourne & Co., Railroad and Steamship Supply Merchants, Atlantic avenue, Boston, suffered with Incipient Consumption and Exhaustion of the Vital Forces, Nervous Debility, etc., pronounced incurable by Dr. Story of Boston, and others as eminent in the profession, permanently cured in thirteen weeks by using the famous Wyomoke. Gained from 132 pounds to 178 pounds.

A schooner was launched from the yard of Goss & Sawyer at Bath, Saturday afternoon. She is named the Elisha Gibbs and is about 500 tons.

Many prominent physicians are prescribing Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills. These Pills are the result of scientific experiment of an eminent physician of 20 years' successful practice. In the cure of Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness or Sleeplessness, they never fail. Edward Merrill, Agent, Rockland. 1y25

Forest fires are still raging near Kingman. It was thought that the town would be destroyed Saturday afternoon, but it escaped owing to a change in the wind. A special train with fire engine went from Bangor. Fire is also burning near Vanceboro.

Old Age.

The aged will find the People's Favorite Tonic Bitters, a safe and reliable remedy for the ailments peculiar to their time of life. These bitters have been pronounced one of the greatest medical blessings of the age. 2w30

A married woman named Susan Pond dropped dead in a house at Bangor, Sunday night, where she worked. It is thought heart disease and trouble combined (her husband being in jail for breaking into the Castine post office) caused her untimely death. She was 27 years old and leaves three children, two of whom are in the orphan asylum.

A HOUSEHOLD NEED.

A book on the Liver, its diseases and their treatment sent free. Including treatises upon Liver Complaints, Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, etc. Address Dr. BANFORD, 162 Broadway, New York City, N. Y. 1w30

Wm. Sutherland, a carpenter, 35 years old, fell from a ship repairing at Houghton's wharf, Bath, into the water, Saturday, and was drowned. He leaves a wife and three children.

A LIFE IN DANGER. This is the fact concerning every man, woman and child who has in the body the seeds of Kidney, Bladder, Liver, and Urinary Diseases of the Kidney. Such a prospect is simply terrible; and it is the duty of every one to be rid of the danger at once. To do this, infallibly, use HUNT'S REMEDY, the Great Kidney and Liver Medicine. Sold by all Druggists. Trial size, 75 cents.

Dr. Mott's Endorsement of Speer's Port Grape Wine.

The following, from the celebrated Dr. Mott, of New York, speaks wonders for Mr. Speer's efforts to raise the Oporto Grape in New Jersey: The Doctor has spent years in Portugal and the wine districts of France, and knows what he is talking about.

62 MADISON AVENUE,
NEW YORK, April 11, 1878.

MR. ALFRED SPEER,—Dear Sir: The visit which I made last year to your Vineyards, wine-presses and vaults at Passaic, N. J., satisfies me thoroughly that the wines manufactured by you are pure and unadulterated, and the very best that can be offered to the public for medicinal uses.

Acting upon my favorable impression at the time, I have since recommended the Port Wine; more particularly in my practice, and am satisfied with marked benefit to my patients.

There can be no better proof to the doubting mind, as to the Wine being made of the finest Oporto Grape, than a visit to the acres of land covered with the vine bearing the luxuriant fruit. Wishing you success in your praiseworthy enterprise,

I remain respectfully yours,
ALEX'D. MOTT, M. D.,
Prof. of Surgery, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, &c

This wine is for sale by druggists. 2w29

—Miss Sawyer's Salve as now prepared is the best known. Price 25 cents. 1y28

Straighten your old boots and shoes with Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, and wear them again.

The Norway Branch R. R. has been leased to the Grand Trunk, for ninety-nine years.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. 1y51

During the past week files driven into logs by some miscreant at Meserve & Moulton's saw mill, Saccarappa, have destroyed a number of saws and somewhat retarded operations.

— Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia restores gray hair to its original color, prevents the hair from falling out, and is one of the finest dressings for the hair in the market. Parsons, Bange & Co., Wholesale Drug'ts. 1y28

A union temperance meeting will be held at White Head, Portland, harbor, for three days, beginning July 7th. The governors of four states, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts are invited to be present.

Chronic Catarrh is disgusting, and the discharges from the nostrils have a thick yellowish or greenish appearance, and it is sometimes very difficult of removal, particularly in the morning. In severe cases the odor is most offensive, causing a very unpleasant breath, the sense of smell becomes impaired, the hearing and eyesight affected, a constant desire to expectorate. The offensive fluid dropping down the throat causing almost incessant hawking and spitting with unsatisfactory results. Osborne's Catarrh Expeller is reliable, sold by R. Merrill and W. H. Kittredge. 29

Rockland Retail Prices Current

These prices are for the best articles, when not otherwise specified or only one price given. For large quantities prices will be a shade lower. Corrected weekly.

ROCKLAND, June, 24, 1880.

Provisions. Fruit and Produce.			
Apples ⅌ bbl	3.00@5.00	Steak, ⅌ lb	15
Cooking, ⅌ pk	40@50	Spare-rib, ⅌ lb	12
Dried, ⅌ lb	10@12	Sausage ⅌ lb	12
Beans, ⅌ bu	2.00@2.25	Hams, ⅌ lb	15
Beef, roasts, ⅌ lb	12@15	Poultry ⅌ lb	
Steak ⅌ lb	16@22	Chickens, Spring	18
Corned, ⅌ lb	5@10	Turkeys	18@20
Tongue, ⅌ lb	12	Ducks	15
Beets, new, ⅌ lb	02	Geese	12
Butter ⅌ lb	15@20	Fowl, ⅌ lb	16
Cabbage, ⅌ lb	04	Potatoes	35
Cranberries ⅌ bu	3.50	Potatoes, new, ⅌ pk	15
Cheese, ⅌ lb	14@16	Pickles, ⅌ gal	40@50
Eggs per doz	16	Squashes, ⅌ lb	4
Lard, ⅌ lb	10	Tomatoes, fresh, ⅌ lb	
Lamb ⅌ lb	12@15	per can	10@15
Onions, ⅌ lb	6	Turnips, ⅌ lb	02
Pork, (clear) ⅌ lb	9	Veal, ⅌ lb	8@10
Round Hog, ⅌ lb	7@7½	Steak	15
Groceries, etc.			
Coffee ⅌ lb		Sugar per lb	
Rio	16@20	Granulated	11
Roasted & gr. Rio	20@25	Extra coffee crushed	10
Java	30@35	Muscovado	9
Molasses ⅌ gal		Syrup, sugar-house	70@80
Havana	50@55	Maple per gal	1.25
Porto Rico	55@65	Tea, Japan, &c. from	50@60
New Orleans	50@60	Oolong, per lb	25@60
Oil, Kerosene, ⅌ gal	12@25	Eng. Breakfast	40,50
Prunes, ⅌ lb	16@18	Salt, ⅌ bu	40
Raisins, ⅌ 1-4 box	60	Saleratus	8@10
Flour, Corn, Meal, etc.			
Barley, per bu	[illegible]	Pearl Barley	10
Buckwheat flour per lb	05	Rice, per lb	8@10
Cracked, wheat per lb	06	Middlings, per lb	1½
Corn, per bu	60@65	Oats, per bu	55@60
Corn meal, per bu	60@65	Oatmeal, per lb	5@10
Flour, per bbl	6.00@10.00	Rye, per bu	1.20
Fine Feed, per lb	1½	Shorts, per lb	1½
Graham Flour, per lb	4@5	Potash, lump	10
Fish, etc.			
Fish, dry cod pr lb	2@5½	Corned Cod	4
Fresh cod, pr lb	4@5	Napes & tins, pr lb	5@8
Smok'd Haddock prlb	11½	Tongues & Sounds, pr lb	6
Dry pollock. pr lb	3½	Lobsters, pr lb	08
Fresh halibut	10@12	Salmon, pr lb	25
Smoked halibut, pr lb	11	Finnie Haddies pr lb	10
Salt, mackerel	4, 11,	Oysters	50@35
Fresh Mackerel	8		
Coal, Wood, Hay, etc.			
Coal per ton	5 50@6 00	Hay, pressed	@16 00
Wood, hard per cd	5 50@6 00	Hair, pr bu	25
Soft, per cd	@4 00	Cement, pr cask	1 40
		Sand pr cask	20@25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COPYING

DONE at short notice. Books Posted, Bills Made Out, either at my house, or at any other place where wanted, on application to the subscriber.

A. L. LOVEJOY,
No. 24 Limerock St.

25

T. E. TIBBETTS,
DENTIST.

All branches of dentistry faithfully attended to at VERY REASONABLE PRICES. Teeth extracted without pain by Nitrous Oxide Gas. Great reduction in the price of artificial teeth. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Cor. Main and Winter Sts.
1y25rex

A. M. AUSTIN,
DENTIST.
OFFICE OVER T. A. WENTWORTH'S STORE,
BERRY BLOCK.

Dentistry in all its branches promptly attended to at REASONABLE PRICES.

☞ Teeth extracted without pain, by the use Nitrous Oxide Gas.

Rockland Jan. 1, 1879.

DENTISTRY!

C. H. EVANS

Is now at his office, No. 254 Main St., near Thorndike Hotel. Prices to suit the times. 41

H. C. LEVENSALER, M. D.,
THOMASTON, MAINE,

Devotes his attention to the PRACTICE of MEDICINE and SURGERY.

☞ Residence and Office, Levensaler Block [Main treet.

SIMONTON & RICH,
Counsellors at Law,
CAMDEN MAINE.

☞ Special attention given to collection of demands Business in Knox and Waldo Counties promptly attended to. 10

BIRTHS

[Notices of Births and Marriages inserted free, but when sent by mail should always be accompanied by the name of the sender, as a guarantee of authenticity.]

In this city, June 18, to Col. and Mrs. G. L. Black, a son. (11 lbs.)

In this city, June 22, to Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Wooster, a son.

In this city, June 16, to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Gregory, a daughter.

In this city, June 16, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Robbins, a son.

In West Camden, June 15, to Mr. and Mrs. Levi Wiley, a son.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, June 17, by Rev. W. C. Barrows, Mr. George E. Carr, of Searsport and Miss Hattie A. Prescott, of Rockland.

In Augusta, June 15, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Mr. Robb, Mr. C. W. S. Cobb, of this city, and Miss Sadie M., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Erastus Haskell, of Augusta.

In Castine, June 16, by Rev. B. S. Arey, Rev. Rufus P. Gardner, of Bucksport and Miss Ada E. Myrick, of Bangor.

At Vinalhaven, June 19, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. C. Purington, Mr. Geo. G. Webster and Miss Josie E., eldest daughter of Capt. W. Crood, all of Vinalhaven.

DEATHS.

[Notices of Deaths are inserted free, but obituary notices, beyond the date, name and age, must be paid for at the rate of 5 cents a line. Poetry 6 cts. per line.]

In this city, June 18, Mr. Joel Herrick, aged 77 yrs., 5 months and 7 days.

At Vinalhaven, June 10, Walter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. B. Richards, aged 7 years.

In West Camden, June 22, Martha A., wife of Mr. Geo. A. Miller, aged 42 years, 2 months and 16 days.

At Ingrahamville, June 24, Mr. George W. Finn, of Augusta, aged 75 years.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ROCKLAND.

Arrived.

Ar 20, schs James R. French, Salem; Sunbeam, Saunders, Gloucester; Trader, Norris, Boston; America, Trueworthy, N Y; Br sch Forest Belle, Granville, St John, N B; 21, schs S B Harris, Collet, North Haven; Corvo, Tyler, N Y; 22, D Ellis, Torrey, do; Richmond, Hall, do; Geo E Prescott, Gyptill, do; 23, R K Grant, Grant, Ellsworth; Provincetown, Gray, Millbridge; Kutet, Arey, Boston; S W Brown, Maddocks, do; Sarah, Richardson, Mt Desert; Hudson, ——, Bangor; E S Wilson, Patterson, Belfast; W F Green, Tracy, Rockport for N Y; A Clement, Littlefield, Penobscot; Wm H Jewell, Wardwell, Bangor; Br sch Sultan, Wasson, St John, N B; 24, Lake, Richards, Boston.

Sailed.

Sld 19, schs Chase, Ingraham, N Y; Atlanta, Bradbury, Boston; Maria Theresa, Kelloch, do; Isaac Mignon, Keen, N Y; Nautilus, Tolman, Orland; Hume, Calderwood, Salem; 21, Annie Lee, Look, Mt Desert; Maggie Bell, Hall, Vinalhaven; Chas Carroll, Burdiug, Portsmouth; Florida, Grant, Newburyport; 22, Ida Spofford, Stevens, Calais; Webster, Goldthwaite, Saco; Louisa Frances, Thorndike, Portland; James Henry, Rhoades, N Y; Tennessee, Metcalf, do; Sardinian, Holbrook, do; S H Harris, Collet, Sullog; Alleghanin, Cookson, N Y; 23, James R. French, Salem; G W Baldwin, Lewis, N Y; America, Trueworthy, do; Fleet Wing, Maddocks, do; Addie E Snow, Thorndike, ——; Br sch Forest Belle, Granville, St John, N B.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK—Ar 16, sch Herald, Poland, Rockland.

Ar 17, Trade Wind, Gray, frm Rockland.

Cld 17, Theresa A Keene, Perkins, Greytown, Nic.

Passed through Hell Gate 17, schs Caroline Knight, Drew, for Hoboken for Carver's Harbor; Alice Oakes, Pillsbury, N Y for Boston.

Cld 19, Ned Sumpter, Snow, Boothbay.

VINEYARD-HAVEN—Ar 18, Belle Brown, Hunt, and Frank Pearson, Cushman, Rockland for N Y.

PORTLAND—Ar 19, Ada J Simonton, Hall, Baltimore.

BANGOR—Ar 19, Maggie E Gray, Crockett, (to load for N Y.)

Ar 20, Ella Pressey, Averill, Boston, (to load for NY

Ar 21, brig Abbie Clifford, Storer, Philadelphia, with 580 tons of coal.

PHILADELPHIA—Cld 19, ship W A Campbell, Hathorn, St John, NB; sch T B Witherspoon, Shepherd, Boston.

Delaware Breakwater—Sld 17, barque F L Carney, Yates, fm Matanzas, ordered to N Y.

BALTIMORE—Cld 19, M A Achorn, Achorn, Boston.

ALEXANDRIA—Cld 15, sch Laura E Messer, Georgetown.

MOBILE—Cld 14, barque Ephraim Williams, Keen, New Orleans.

FOREIGN.

Navassa—Sld May 30, sch Cephas Starrett, Babbidge, Boothbay.

Antwerp—Sld 8, Joseph S Spinney, for N Y.

Point-a-Pitre—In port May 25, Mary E Van Cleaf, Thorndike, for New York, ready.

Windsor—Cld 10, sch Ada Ames, Ames, N Y.

SPOKEN.

April 15, lat 51 S, lon 69 W, ship Alex McNeil, Sproul, from San Francisco for Queenstown.

FIRE WORKS!

AT

Smith's Music & Variety Store

Flags, Fire Crackers, Rockets, Roman Candles, Chinese Lanterns.

Fans, Croquet, Base Balls and Bats. Children's Carriages, at

Smith's Music & Variety Store.
2w30

WANTED!

A Competent person to do the housework in a small family. Apply at THIS OFFICE. 29tf

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE firm of SNOW, PEARSONS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued by ISRAEL L. SNOW and HENRY PEARSONS, under the firm name of SNOW & PEARSONS.

ISRAEL L. SNOW,
HENRY PEARSONS,
HIRAM HALL, Jr., Adm'r.

Rockland, June 7, 1880. 29

GEORGE W. FRENCH,
Attorney and Councellor at Law,
Thomaston, Me. 476m

J. P. COWLES, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
CAMDEN - - - MAINE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Are the mildest, yet most searching purgative pills for all disorders of the LIVER, COMPLAINT, BILE, HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, DISTURBED SLEEP, COSTIVENESS, and all those disorders arising from a disordered state of the STOMACH and BOWELS, they are a Specific for Fever and Ague.

Russian Sure Cure M'f'g Co.
53 Dey St., New York, U. S. A.,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE
Russian Sure Cure For ASTHMA.
Russian Sure Cure For SCROFULA.
Russian Sure Cure For SALT RHEUM.
Russian Sure Cure For RHEUMATISM.

These foreign remedies, used for more than two centuries in the Russian army, are positive specifics for disease named, giving immediate relief and effecting a permanent cure. Send for free Circulars. 14w30

Agents Wanted for the richly illustrated, and only complete and authentic history of

GRANT'S TOUR AROUND THE WORLD.

It Describes Royal Palaces, Rare Curiosities, Wealth and Wonders of the Indies, China, Japan, etc. A million people want it. This is the best chance of your life to make money. Beware of "catch penny" imitations. Send for circulars containing a full description of the work and extra terms to Agents. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w30

BUY THE

Live Oak Collar

DEERING, MILLIKEN & CO.,
SELLING AGENTS,
R4w30 Portland, Maine.

HOMES In the best location in the West. Lands sold on long time and at low prices. Employment during winter at good wages guaranteed. For particulars send name and address on postal card to

R4w30 PHILIP S. HARRIS,
P. O. Box 406. St. Paul, Minnesota.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

Best in the world. Lasts longer than any other. Always in good condition. Cures sores, cuts, bruises and corns. Costs but little more than the imitations. Every package has the trade mark. Call for the genuine, and take no other. 4w30

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. 430

JOB PRINTING
Prompt and Neat, At this Office.

SUMMER

OF

1880

Dress Goods,

Cloakings,

Satins,

Silks,

Parasols,

Cambrics,

Laces,

Muslins,

Piques,

Hosiery,

Linen Ulsters

Fringes,

Gloves,

Shetland Shawls, etc., Etc.

We can show the best assortment of the above goods with many others at as low prices, or lower than they can be bought at retail in Boston or elsewhere.

Carpetings!

We have a good stock of Carpets on hand, some very choice Patterns in

Tapestry and Ex-Supers.

We would call your attention to our TAPESTRIES for $1.00 and a lot of Remnants of Woolens in lengths from 1 to 20 yards, that we will sell very much under the regular price.

☞ **Goods delivered to all parts of the city FREE of Charge.**

Samples sent by Mail when ordered.

FULLER & COBB,

325 Main St.

28

TOLEDO, DELPHOS AND BURLINGTON R. R. CO.

6 PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

30 YEARS TO RUN.

Interest Payable Jan. & July 1, in N. York

The entire issue of these First Mortgage Bonds on the Main Line from the City of Toledo, Ohio, to the City of Kokomo, Ind., 185 miles, is $1,250,000, or less than $7,000 per mile.

For Sale at 90 & Accrued Int'rest

The right is reserved to advance the price without notice.

Geo. Wm. Ballou & Co., BANKERS,

72 Devonshire St., Boston.
8 Wall Street, New York.

N3mo30

WINDOW SCREENS!

If you want Window Screens send the dimensions to **66 Broadway**, and you can get them cheap.

☞ **All kinds of CHAIRS sent for, repaired and returned**, no matter what their condition, by

R. M. PILLSBURY.

Rockland, June 24, 1880. 3w30

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Lime Rock National Bank,

At Rockland, in the State of Maine, at the close of business, June 11th, 1880.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$138,951 69
Overdrafts,	80 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	105,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents,	12,618 17
Due from other National Banks,	13,293 73
Premiums paid,	3,450 00
Checks and other cash items,	6,266 88
Bills of other Banks,	3,245 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies,	14 90
Specie,	5,062 98
Legal-tender notes,	1,054 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation),	4,725 00
Total,	$290,764 35

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$105,000 00
Surplus fund,	7,500 00
Undivided profits,	3,020 82
National Bank notes outstanding,	93,700 00
Dividends unpaid,	1,201 29
Individual deposits subject to check,	64,525 15
Cashier's checks outstanding,	1,400 00
Due to other National Banks,	16,357 18
Due to State Banks and Bankers,	1,060 91
Total,	$293,764 35

STATE OF MAINE,—COUNTY OF KNOX, ss:

I, G. W. BERRY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statements true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. W. BERRY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 22d day of June, 1880.

W. H. TITCOMB, Justice of the Peace.

Correct—Attest:

JOHN T. BERRY,
THOS. W. HIX,
A. K. SPEAR, } Directors.

1w30

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Camden National Bank,

At Camden, in the State of Maine, at the close of business, June 11th, 1880.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$61,842 07
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	50,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents,	20,313 20
Due from other National Banks,	1,088 64
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	1,913 00
Current expenses and taxes paid,	841 06
Checks and other cash items,	1,057 91
Bills of other Banks,	510 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies,	3 63
Specie,	617 65
Legal tender notes,	2,200 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (five per cent. of circulation,)	1,750 00
Total,	$143,937 16

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$50,000 00
Surplus fund,	1,515 00
Undivided profits,	2,516 16
National Bank notes outstanding,	45,000 00
Dividends unpaid,	72 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	41,608 50
Demand certificates of deposit,	1,700 00
Certified checks,	525 50
Total,	$143,937 16

STATE OF MAINE,—COUNTY OF KNOX, ss:

I, J. F. STETSON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. F. STETSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of June, 1880.

T. R. SIMONTON, Justice of the Peace.

Correct—Attest:

J. F. HOSMER,
D. H. BISBEE,
G. L. FOLLANSBEE } Directors.

1w30

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

North National Bank,

At Rockland, in the State of Maine, at the close of business, June 11th, 1880.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$109,589 15
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	100,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents,	15,368 02
Due from other National Banks,	34,136 22
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	3,000 00
Checks and other cash items,	2,859 15
Bills of other Banks,	3,312 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies,	112 43
Specie,	1,904 50
Legal-tender notes,	1,200 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation),	3,200 00
Total,	$274,681 57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$100,000 00
Surplus fund,	5,000 00
Undivided profits,	7,726 37
National Bank notes outstanding,	88,400 00
Dividends unpaid,	453 50
Individual deposits subject to check,	71,422 20
Cashier's checks outstanding,	1,179 50
Total,	$274,681 57

STATE OF MAINE—COUNTY OF KNOX, ss:

I, N. T. FARWELL, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

N. T. FARWELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 23d day of June, 1880.

CHAS. A. DAVIS, Justice of the Peace.

Correct—Attest:

A. J. BIRD,
S. M. BIRD,
N. A. BURPEE, } Directors.

1w30

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Rockland National Bank,

At Rockland, in the State of Maine, at the close of business June 11th, 1880.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$226,513 71
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	150,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents,	18,256 97
Due from other National Banks,	11,553 00
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	7,500 00
Checks and other cash items,	1,255 33
Bills of other Banks,	6,172 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies,	71 11
Specie,	8,111 00
Legal-tender notes,	3,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation),	6,750 00
Total,	$492,132 12

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$150,000 00
Surplus fund,	40,000 00
Undivided Profits,	19,614 20
National Bank notes outstanding,	133,100 00
Dividends unpaid,	336 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	127,480 06
Demand certificates of deposit,	21,113 67
Due to other National Banks,	140 00
Due to State Banks and bankers,	348 17
Total,	$492,132 12

STATE OF MAINE,—COUNTY OF KNOX, ss:

I, G. HOWE WIGGIN, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. HOWE WIGGIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 21st day of June, 1880.

C. S. HICHBORN, Justice of the Peace.

Correct—Attest:

MAYNARD SUMNER,
FRANCIS OOBB,
N. A. FARWELL, } Directors.

1w30

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPETINGS

—{AT}—

REDUCED

PRICES.

SIMONTON BROTHERS

Having just received from New York a large invoice of goods at a **Great Reduction** in **Price** will offer some wonderful bargains for a few weeks.

Special attention is called to our fine assortment of

Dress Goods

Which includes all the new shades, such as **Bronze Green Bronze Brown, Peacock Blue, Gens 'd armes Blue,** and other desirable colorings in **Momies, Shoodas, etc., etc.** Also **Silks, Satins, Brocades** and **Pekin Stripes** to match.

PARASOLS

We are displaying the finest assortment of Parasols ever in Rockland, and at prices less than last season.

CORSETS, HOSIERY, and GLOVES

Our Corset at **50 cts.** is producing a sensation, as it is well worth 75 cents. Dr. Warner's Health Corset always in stock. We have the finest line of Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves and the greatest Bargains in Hosiery to be found anywhere.

DOLMANS, MANTLES and SACKS.

In very desirable styles, arriving by nearly every boat. Our stock of CLOAKINGS is superior to any in the city, and from **12 1-2 to 25 cts.** per yard below any competitor.

Cottons and Prints.

We are selling our Cottons, Cambrics, Momies, Muslins and Prints at Reduced Prices. Good Style and Fine Quality Prints, at **6 cts.** Yard Wide Cambrics (short lengths) only **8 cts.** Remember these prices are a genuine reduction of 2 to 4 cts. per yard.

CARPETS

We have one of the finest stocks of Carpetings to be found in the State, and our Private Patterns in Roxbury Tapestries and Extra Supers are well worth attention. We have an elegant line of Tapestries at **90 cts. to $1.00**—other Carpets in proportion. Our Carpetings are fresh from the looms, and will be sold just as low, if not a little lower, than the old stocks carried over from year to year.

Important Notice.

We have just been appointed Agents for **Butterick's Paper Patterns,** and shall keep a full assortment. Any Pattern sent by mail on receipt of price.

☞ **Goods delivered Promptly and Free to any part of the city.** ☜

Simonton Bros.

Rockland, May 20, 1880.

FIRE WORKS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CHINESE & JAPANESE LANTERNS.

POLITICAL FLAGS

FOR FLAG RAISING.

JULY 4 GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

HYDE & CO.,
52 Chauncy Street, Boston.
PROPRIETORS OF ÆTNA LABORATORY

4w28

Rockland, Mount Desert and Sullivan Steamboat Company.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing **Tuesday, June 19th, 1880,** the New and Splendid

Stmr. MT. DESERT,
CAPT. DAVID ROBINSON,

WILL leave ROCKLAND, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, on arrival of Sanford Line of Steamers from Boston for North Haven, Green's Landing, South West and Bar Harbors, (Mt. Desert,) So. Gouldsboro, Lamoine, Hancock and Sullivan.

Also, will leave ROCKLAND every SATURDAY, at 6 A. M., going as far as Bar Harbor, and returning same day.

RETURNING, Will leave SULLIVAN, at 10 A.M. and Bar Harbor at 12:30, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, touching as above, arriving in Rockland in season to connect with Sanford Steamers for Boston.

Passengers by train to and from Rockland remain in Rockland over night.

Connections made at Lamoine with Ellsworth by stage.

T. S. LINDSEY, Gen'l Manager, Rockland.
Rockland, June 24, 1880. 19

Rockland and Vinalhaven.

TWO TRIPS A DAY!

On and after Thursday, June 24th,

STM'R PIONEER

WILL leave Carver's Harbor, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 A. M., and 1 P. M. RETURNING, Will leave (Commercial Wharf,) Rockland, for Vinalhaven, at 9.30 A. M., and 4 P. M.

G. A. SAFFORD, Agent, Rockland.
BENJ. LANE, Agent, Vinalhaven. 5

The main point in law is good evidence.

MR. FRED BURPEE is constantly receiving undisputed evidence of the superiority of

NELSON THOMAS' AMERICAN CANKER SYRUP,

for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Cancer and Canker and all humors of blood or stomach. Young ladies and gents, as well as persons more advanced in years give their unqualified approval to this remarkable blood purifier, which is deemed cre long to be familiar to all as household words." For sale by all druggists. 29

CORN, FLOUR

—AND—

FEED STORE.

FOGLER & CONANT

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Corn, Flour, Meal, Oats and Feed,

Farwell Block, 210 Main St.

Inform the public that they have formed a partnership for the purpose of carrying on the above-named business, and that having ample facilities, they are prepared to fill all orders for Meal and Corn, Yellow and Mixed, with prompt despatch and at the Lowest WHOLES

The Florist.

QUESTIONS, suggestions, information, records of experience, notes or articles on any department of floriculture, are cordially invited from all cultivators and lovers of flowers. All such should be addressed to "Editor of Floral Department," at this office.

OTHER PEOPLE'S GARDENS.

"I have been in Corisande's garden and she has given me a Rose."

I have been in Sylvia's garden and she has given me a bouquet, and here among the bright blooms is a Rose, as rich and rare as any that grew in Corisande's garden. Corisande's garden! with its "huge bunches of Honeysuckle and bowers of Sweet Pea, and Sweet Briar and Jasmine clustering over the walls, and Gilli-flowers scenting with their sweet breath the bricks from which they seemed to spring. There were banks of Violets which the southern breeze always stirred, and Mignonette filled every vacant nook."

There are no white peacocks in Sylvia's garden, nor glassy hives of "golden-banded bees," but there is a tricksy sprite who follows at our heels and pokes his inquisitive little nose into the flower-cups, like a human bee hunting honey: and one of these days that wee bit nose will come in contact with a real bee, and then—Well, well, Robbie must learn betimes that bees have stings—that there is no Rose without a thorn—must learn what we all learn sooner or later, that there is no unalloyed bliss to be found any more on earth since the first garden was left without a tiller. But his childhood's garden is nearer Paradise than any other bit of God's green earth that Robbie's restless feet will ever press.

Ah, our lost Eden! that we never cease to bemoan. It was a garden and was never destroyed, but scattered, like Adam's race, over all the broad earth, and you may catch glimpses of it here and there, wherever you may roam. That first garden is not so minutely described as one could wish, but, like Bacon's garden, it must have been of goodly dimensions from the number of trees it contained: "every tree that is pleasant to the sight and good for food; the tree of life also in the midst of the garden, and the tree of knowledge of good and evil."

I enjoy watching the progress of the various gardens of the neighborhood, from the earliest springtime until fall comes and lays them low. And I fancy that a year's observation of a garden would give one a very good index to its owner's character. A garden not too precisely ordered and with a profusion of bouquet-flowers argues, methinks, a generous mind; while if flowers that be best for show and not fit to be culled dominate, the owner is of an ostentatious and selfish spirit. Other traits crop out, such as neatness, order, and the reverse of these. I remember stopping one day to admire some plants in a garden that I was passing, and, beyond the flowers was a perfect wilderness of weeds; their background destroyed the charm of the picture for me, and I have not had so good an opinion of their owner since.

Another little flower-plot that I sometimes pass in my rambles always holds my eyes for many minutes: it is simple as a Daisy, and as neat, not a ragged edge of border mars the perfect effect, and it is a true exponent of its owner's character, as I happen to know; her house and daily life are just as carefully ordered. In some very handsome grounds, among costly bedding-plants, rare Roses and shrubs, is a large plat of sweet old-fashioned Pinks; and I said to myself, "there must be a sweet spot somewhere in the nature of the man who cherishes these dear old flowers." In another garden that I wot of, there are groves of Gladioli, dozens of Dahlias, pyramids of Hydrangeas, scores of new-fangled foliage plants, and more "novelties" than I know the names of—and not a sprig of Mignonette, not a bit of sweet stuff anywhere. And, as I look about me with dazzled eyes, I longed for the face of a common flower—a bed of Heartsease, a single Daisy even would have been a pleasant sight among all that splendor.

But, to return to Sylvia's garden, here are sweet things in plenty, and not a few new and costly flowers as well. One bed of Tea Roses and Mignonette is especially charming, and a near colony of rose-colored and white Vinca is almost equally attractive. A bed of Sweet Alyssum suggests nosegays in abundance, and a mass of blue Lobelia reminds us of June skies. A bed of broad-Caladiums transports us to the tropics, and we see the reflection, of Afric's sultry clime in the burning petals of the scarlet Geraniums. In the spring, Sylvia had a little bed of early-comers in a sunny spot where the crocus, Scilla, and Grape Hyacinth delighted the eye and the heart in the midst of the frosts of March. Later, two generous beds of Tulips blazed with gorgeous color in contrast with the tender green of new leaves and grass. There is about a quarter of a mile of Peonies, not in the garden, but bordering a walk that leads to the orchard; indeed, the flowers seem to have broken bounds and stray about in all directions. I saw Pinks growing in the vegetable garden, and they seemed quite contented with their humble home. And I even found some Sweet Clover in a cosy corner, the identical Sweet Clover that used to grow in my grandmother's garden. That old garden, doubly guarded by its high paling fence and hedge of Cherry trees Privet, Hop-vines, and Lilac bushes, a glorious tangle-wild, a paradise of the bird folk. Like Corisande's garden, it had beehives, but unlike that fairyland it had tall red Hollyhocks, and Bachelor's Buttons, and Poppies, and Sage, and Thyme, and Gooseberries and Currants, and Asparagus, and, yes, Onion beds, too! But it was far from being the jumble that one might imagine. Order reigned supreme in this old-fashioned demesne; not a weed was suffered anywhere, and children were as summarily dealt with. We children used to beg for the treat of a peep inside those sacred grounds. Alas! not a vestige of that homely garden remains to-day, not the stump of a tree even is left; and when, one day last summer, I came unexpectedly upon just such an old garden, at the back of an ancient farm-house, the tears filled my eyes; it was like finding a forgotten grave in the lonely fields.—E. A. M. *in Vick's Magazine.*

DRESSING FOR LAWNS

In this country we need water to keep our lawns green through the summer, like English lawns. Without watering during August they usually get brown enough. The too common practice of covering lawns in the autumn with manure, giving them the appearance of barn-yards nearly half the year, in most cases does no good, and often is a positive injury. The following suggestion from the *Gardiners' Chronicle* are not without value in this country, as we know by experience:

If some parts of the turf has a yellow, sickly tinge, it is for want of support, and a dressing of soot, wood-ashes, or guano, applied immediately before rain, would soon change the hue, and so stimulate the growth of grasses, that Daisies, Plantains, &c., would have but little chance. If worms are troublesome, the best antidote is lime-water. There need never be any fear of getting it too strong; we usually put a wheelbarrow load of fresh lime in a large tank of water, and as soon as clear it is ready for use. Showery weather is the best time to apply it, as the ground being soft, less water is required to bring the worms to the surface; they may either be picked up at once or left to die, and be swept up next day; after which well roll, and the improvement of the turf will be visible in a very few days.—*Exchange.*

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at *Grand Union Hotel*, nearly opposite Grand Central Depot. 350 elegant rooms reduced to $1 and upwards per day, European Plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse Cars, Stages and Elevated Rail Road to all Depots. Travelers can live better for less money at the Grand Union, than at any other first-class Hotel in the City. 1y28

Kidney-Wort effectively acts at the same time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Malaria, Diphtheria, Pneumonia, Sore Throat, Inflammation of the Lungs, &c., —CURED BY—

"SAPANULE" TRADE MARK

THE CELEBRATED GLYCERINE LOTION which gives immediate relief, and is a radical cure. Lame Back, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Backache, Piles, Bunions or Soreness of the Feet from whatever cause, Burns or Scalds, and all Inflammatory Diseases, instantly relieved and cured. "Sapanule" will save life. Do not neglect to buy a bottle. It is a household necessity. Full particulars, in our Illuminated Cards and Circulars, sent free, upon application by mail.

A trial will benefit you. We guarantee satisfaction, or money refunded. 50 Cents and $1 Per Bottle. Trial Bottles, 25c. Sold by all Druggists.

SAMUEL GERRY & COMPANY, Proprietors, 277 Broadway, New York. 1y16

The Great Nerve Restorative.

WYOMOKE.

A Blood, Brain and Nerve Food.

A sovereign cure in all forms of Nervous Debility, Broken-down Constitutions, Heart Affections, Vertigo, Weakness of Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, Female Weakness, restoring Exhausted Vitality, Vigorous Health and Manhood.

WYOMOKE

CURES all diseases arising from Alcohol, Tobacco, Opium, etc.

Also, all forms of Nervous and Brain Diseases, such as Lapse of Memory, Dizziness, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Hysteria, Chorea, Tremens, etc., etc.

If you are affected with any of the above diseases, or any other Brain or Nervous trouble, don't fail to try the famous

WYOMOKE

SHANNON & MARWICK, Chemists and Apothecaries, *Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers*, No. 143 Trumbull St., Hartford, Conn. Sold by all Druggists. Send for Pamphlet. 1 June

HUNT'S REMEDY

CURES WHEN ALL OTHER MEDICINES FAIL, as it acts directly on the Kidneys, Liver, and Bowels, restoring them at once to healthy action. HUNT'S REMEDY is a safe, sure and speedy cure, and hundreds have testified to having been cured in it when physicians and friends had given them up to die. Do not delay, try at once HUNT'S REMEDY. Send for pamphlet to

WM. F. CLARKE, Providence, R. I. Prices, 75 cents and $1.25. Large size the cheapest. Ask your druggist for HUNT'S REMEDY. Take no other.

POND'S EXTRACT the Great Vegetable Pain Destroyer and Specific for Inflammations, Hemorrhages, Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, &c., &c. Stopping the flow of blood, relieving at once the pain, subduing the inflammation, hastening the healing and curing the disease so rapidly as to excite wonder, admiration and gratitude.

Physicians endorse, recommend and prescribe it. It will cure Rheumatism, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Asthma, Lumbago, Sore Throat, Diarrhœa, Headache, Dysentery, Toothache, Broken Breast, Earache, Boils & Sores, Piles. And stop all Hemorrhages from the Nose, Stomach or Lungs.

PAIN Destroyed! It will relieve immediately pain in any place where it can be applied internally or externally. For cuts, bruises, sprains, &c., it is the very best remedy known: arresting the bleeding at once, reducing the swelling and inflammation, stopping the pain and healing the injury in a wonderful manner. 1y27

PURELY Vegetable. It is harmless in any case no matter how applied or taken. The genuine is never sold in bulk, but only in our own bottles with words "Pond's Extract" blown in the glass and our trade-mark on the outside buff wrapper. *Beware of any imitations.* Try it once and you will never be without it for a single day. Sold by all Druggists.

No. 14 W. 14th St., N. Y.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE

That Acts at the Same Time on THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect; if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,

are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

will restore the healthy action and all these creeping evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will once more gladden your heart.

Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?

Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?

Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?

Kidney-Wort will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.

It is a dry vegetable compound and

One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.

Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, (Will send post paid.) Burlington, Vt.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE. A Self Cure.

PATENTED 1877.

A Marvelous Remedy Effecting Cures when all others Fail.

THE ONLY GENUINE Electro Voltaic and Magnetic Appliance in the World.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS. Our Pamphlets explain all.

BRYANS ELECTRIC BELT

The only reliable remedy for the CURE of Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Paralysis, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Impotency, Weakness, and Physical Prostration.

It does not require vinegar, acids, or other preparations, but its action is continuous.

The current is evolved by all of the best and purest of the body.

It gives Health and Strength to the waning, and new life to those suffering from Premature Decay.

It will recuperate the system when injured by imprudence, excesses, sickness, or old age. For Circulars, address

ELECTRIC APPLIANCE CO. 2 BOND ST. LIMITED NEW YORK

Circulars may be had of W. H. KITTREDGE, Druggist, Rockland. 1y23

IS NERVOUSNESS A YANKEE NOTION?

A New Theory by a New Doctor.

He Claims that Nervousness is an American Imaginative Disease,

And Originated in the United States within the Last Fifty Years,

Let the Doctors Say Whether that Statement Will Stand the Test.

Dr. Benson Says It Will Not, That Nervousness is as Old as Mankind.

AND THAT NERVOUSNESS HAS EXISTED EVER SINCE NERVOUS SYSTEMS WERE CREATED. NERVOUSNESS EXISTS UNDER MANY NAMES, AND APPEARS IN MANY FORMS OR TYPES,

As Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, Paralysis, Hysteria, Melancholy, St. Vitus' Dance, Asthma, &c. But all of these different forms are brought about by some present exciting cause. But no nervous system is subject to these diseases unless the nerve-fluid is in an impoverished condition, or suffering from an irritable state or condition, and can only be cured by a remedy that enriches the nerve-fluid and allays nervous irritation; and this is absolutely accomplished by DR. BENSON'S CELERY AND CHAMOMILE PILLS. They effectually remove the cause of all nervous diseases, and the natural result is a cure—a complete and permanent cure.

DR. C. W. BENSON'S CELERY AND CHAMOMILE PILLS are prepared expressly to cure Headache, Neuralgia and Nervousness, and will cure any case, no matter how obstinate it may be, of either sick, nervous or dyspeptic headache or neuralgia, nervousness or sleeplessness. Price 50 cents a box, sent post free to any address, or may be ordered through any druggist.

PARSONS, BANGS & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 117 & 119 Middle St., Portland, Me. GENERAL AGENTS.

For Sale by Edward Merrill, Rockland.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOOK 3 Best-selling Articles for AGENTS. NO FAILURE. Send for Terms to NEW ENGLAND BOOK and MAP AGENCY, 61 Cornhill, Boston, Mass

FEEBLE WIVES, MOTHERS,

and every weakly, sickly person can surely strengthen and build up the broken-down system by taking

RICHARD'S TEETOTAL TONIC.

Free from alcoholic dangers. Physicians pronounce it the Safest Remedy ever sold, and it must be tried to know the perfect Health and Strength its use insures. VAN BUSKIRK & CO., 18 Vesey St., N. Y. Druggists sell it. Pint bottles $1.00. 4w29

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.

The only improvement ever made on the Common Porous Plaster.

Over 2000 Druggists have signed a paper stating that

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are superior to all others. 1lw22

Price 25 Cents.

Seabury & Johnson, Pharmaceutical Chemists.

A REAL BLESSING

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO.,

and other Boston wholesale druggists are Agents for the sale of the Medicines now being introduced in the New England States—Dr. David Kennedy's "FAVORITE REMEDY."

The Public are Cautioned to make no Unfortunate Mistake and to Remember that "FAVORITE REMEDY" is One Dollar a bottle, and that the Proprietors *name and address* is DR. DAVID KENNEDY, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. Kennedy's "FAVORITE REMEDY" is offered as a Reliable Medicine for the Cure of Kidney and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and all Disorders arising from an Impure State of the Blood. To Women who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to the sex Dr. Kennedy's "FAVORITE REMEDY" proves a real blessing. 1lw27

14 STOP ORGANS Steel, Book & Music only $85. New Pianos, $195 to $1,000. Mid-summer offer 1st'd free. Address Dan'l F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. 6w25

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE —AND— Sambuci Wines!

Speer's Port Grape Wine,

From the Oporto Grape, raised by Mr. Speer at his vineyards, is a rich heavy-bodied Port, used by families for weddings, and parties as an evening wine, and by ladies and weakly persons for strengthening; also the principal wine for communion purposes.

Speer's P. J. Sherry,

A delicate fine flavored Sherry from the Spanish grape, equal to the finest brands imported from Lisbon.

Speer's P. J. or Podro J. Brandy.

This noted Brandy is a pure distillation from the grape and is equal to the finest Hennessy or Otard Brandies; for medicinal purposes it can be relied upon as strictly pure.

Speer's Sambuci Wine,

celebrated for its beneficial qualities, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals and by the first families in Europe and America.

Excellent for weak and debilitated persons, the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefitting ladies and children.

As a Diuretic,

It imparts a healthy action to the Kidneys and Urinary organs, very beneficial in Gout and Rheumatic affections.

None genuine unless the signature of "ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J.," is over the cork of each bottle

ALFRED SPEER, Proprietor, Mt. Prospect Vineyards, Passaic, New Jersey.

JOHN LA FOX, Paris, Agent for France; G. T. LUD-LOW, London, Agent for Great Britain.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS. 1y6

NOTICE.

THE Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims of the City Council of the City of Rockland, will be in session at the City Treasurer's Office, MASONIC BLOCK, on the first Monday Evening of each month, from 7 1-2 till 9 o'clock, for the purpose of examining Claims against the City. All bills must be approved by the party contracting them.

G. M. BRAINERD, A. D. BIRD, H. T. BEVERAGE, } Committee on Accts & Claims.

COAL! COAL!

D. N. BIRD & CO., ARE SELLING

SPLENDID

White Ash Egg and Broken, White Ash Stove, and Franklin Coal

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Orders promptly filled, and coal delivered.

Rankin Block, Main St.

The following is the sworn statement to the Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts of the financial condition of the

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of Boston, on the 31st of December, 1879.

ASSETS.

Stocks and Bonds at market value	$9,478,111 50
Loans on Mortgage	2,149,463 68
Real Estate	1,295,900 00
Premium Notes secured by policies worth double the amount loaned	1,382,569 45
Amount of deferred quarterly premiums	291,119 35
Outstanding Renewal Premiums upon policies upon which a valuation has been made and reserved	110,000 35
Accrued Interest and Rents	201,088 01
Cash in Banks	158,811 41
Loans on Collateral	113,200 00
	$15,131,264 65

LIABILITIES.

Reserve at 4 per cent. in compliance with the statutes of Massachusetts	$12,017,119 00
Distributions unpaid	187,176 56
Death losses unpaid	56,785 00
Matured Endowments unpaid	51,028 00
	$12,312,078 59
Surplus	$1,879,182 06

36th Annual Report now ready for distribution. Free to any address.

BENJ. F. STEVENS, President. JOSEPH M. GIBBENS, Secretary. March 11, 1880. 1y15

CURE BY ABSORPTION

Without Dosing—The Better Way.

HOLMAN LIVER AND AGUE PAD

—AND—

AUXILIARIES: *Medicinal Absorptive BODY & FOOT PLASTERS, and ABSORPTION SALT for Medicated Foot Baths.*

These remedies, which are the sole exponents of the Cure by Absorption as opposed to Dosing, have been proved the cheapest and *Most Effectual Remedy for All Diseases Arising from Malaria or a Disordered Stomach or Liver*, and it is a well-known fact that nearly all the diseases that attack the human body can be traced directly or indirectly to these two organs. It is known by *actual experience* that there is no disease that attacks the youth or adult of both sexes that can *even be modified* by the use of drugs, but that can be acted on in a *far more satisfactory* and permanent manner by the *HOLMAN LIVER PAD CO'S REMEDIES.*

Numberless Cases, Finally Acknowledged to be Beyond the Reach of Medicine, have been Saved under the Mild Action of These Remedies Alone.

Address, HOLMAN LIVER PAD CO., *117 and 119 Middle Street, Portland, Maine.*

WM. H. KITTREDGE AGENT FOR ROCKLAND. 1y7aaaa

HAWAIIAN CATARRH REMEDY

A SURE AND SPEEDY RELIEF For CATARRH *in all its forms.* Colds in the head are relieved at once by this remedy. Sent by mail on receipt of price 50c. Sold by all Druggists. Satisfaction guaranteed. PARSONS, BANGS & CO. Wholesale Druggists. Gen'l Agents. 117 & 119 Middle St., Portland, Me.

PARSONS, BANGS & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Drugs, Druggists' Sundries, Chemicals Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glues, &c., 117 & 119 Middle St., 13 PORTLAND, ME.

TAMARACK BITTERS

This great health-restoring and life-preserving compound is prepared with exquisite care from Roots, Barks, Gums and Plants culled from forest and field, and combined on scientific principles, regardless of expense, with a determination to place within the reach of all the most perfect Alterative Gentle Stimulant, Liver Invigorator, Stomach Rectifyer, Kidney Regulator and Blood Purifier that has ever been offered to the afflicted. By its use the food is easily digested, the bowels become regular, the kidneys stimulated, the blood becomes pure and rich, all blemishes and humors disappear and every impurity is carried off by nature's gates. The wear and tear of business or excessive pleasure produce a tremendous draft upon the nervous and muscular system, to offset which we need a reliable agreeable, sustaining nervine tonic, else we succumb to overtasked Nature, and a general breaking up and wasting away from Nervous Debility, Impaired Digestion, Sluggish Kidneys, Urinary or Uterine Derangements, Torpid Liver, Constipated Bowels, Thin and Watery Blood, Humors and Impurities, take the place of former healthy secretions, Night Sweats, Hollow Cough, Emaciated Features and Frame, show conclusively the rapid march of the Fell Destroyer, who has the victim thoroughly clasped in his embrace. But Tamarack Bitters will loosen the monster's hold, build up the weakened frame, restore the shattered nerves, cast out impurities. Therefore, ye sufferers, who value health, happiness and long life, should procure at once Tamarack Bitters, the greatest vegetable tonic on earth. Sold by Druggists, and warranted purer, richer, and possessing more curative properties than any tonic yet presented. Sold in Rockland by E. Merrill, W. H. Kittredge. 3w

GINGES VEGETABLE AMBROSIA HOME PROOF RESTORES GRAY HAIR PREVENTS BALDNESS

Cray, Light, Faded, and RED HAIR,

Are changed by a few applications of the

AMBROSIA

To a Beautiful Auburn, Or to the Dark, Lustrous Colors of Youthful Tresses.

HUMORS, DANDRUFF, ITCHING OF THE SCALP, and FALLING OF THE HAIR are at once cured by it.

Where the hair follicles are not destroyed, it will cause the hair to grow on bald heads.

It is perfumed with extracts from fragrant flowers. All who use it praise it.

Price, $1.00 per Bottle.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

APOTHECARIES.

KITTREDGE W. H., Druggist and Dealer in Patent medicines. 331 Main St.

MERRILL, EDWARD, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Cor. Main and Lime Rock Sts.

BOOTS & SHOES.

COLSON & RHOADES, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Men's Furnishing Goods. 351 Main street.

WENTWORTH, T. A., Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Furs and Furnishing Goods. 243 Main street.

CLOTHING.

BLACKINGTON O. E., Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods. 215 Main street, Frye's Block

CROCKERY.

WEEKS, A. ROSS, Crockery and Glass Ware, Gas Fixtures, etc. 250 Main street.

CONFECTIONERY MANF'S.

ANDERSON, J. W., Manufacturer of Corn Cakes and Confectionery, Gregory Block—North End.

FURNITURE.

BURPEE, S. A. & S. H., Parlor and Chamber Furniture, Caskets and Coffins. 290 Main street.

GROCERIES.

COBB, WIGHT & NORTON, Groceries and Ship Chandlery. 246 Main street.

FARRAND & SPEAR, Flour, Corn, Groceries, Paints, Oil, Cordage, etc., 121 Main street.

SAFFORD, G. A., Flour, Corn, Feed, Family Groceries, etc., 211 Main St., At the Brook.

HARDWARE.

HAMILTON, A. C., Stoves, Ranges, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods, etc., 23 Main street.

WISE, J. P. & SON, Hardware, Stoves, Furnaces & Agricultural Tools. 212 & 214 Main St.

IRON AND STEEL.

CRIE & CO., Carriage Goods, Ship Chandlery and Fishermen's Outfits. 205 Main street.

MILLINERY.

WIGGIN, O. A., Millinery and Fancy Goods, Worsteds, Hair Goods, etc. 229 Main street.

SMALL WARES.

HYDE, W. H., Small Wares, Fancy Goods and Millinery. 229 Main street.

TAILORS.

ACKERMAN, B., Merchant Tailor. Cutting to order. Shirt Patterns Cut. 502 Main street.

POTTLE J. G., Merchant Tailor, 256 Main street. Work done promptly and in the best of style. 1

C. G. MOFFITT, Life and Fire Insurance Agent. Represents Thirty-nine Million Dollars. Losses adjusted at this office, No. 287 Union Block ROCKLAND, MAIN. 5

JOHN LOVEJOY, (Successor to J. G. Lovejoy,) Fire and Life Insurance Berry Block, (Lime Rock Bank Stairway,) MAIN ST., ROCKLAND. 5

H. N. KEENE, DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, Moccasins, Sole Leather, Wax Leather, French and American Calf Skins, Machine Belting, Linings and Shoe Findings, Corner Main and Limerock Streets, Rockland, Me. Jan. 1, 1879.

BURPEE & HAHN, House Ship & Sign Painters, Grainers and Paper Hangers. Dealers in Paints, Oil, Glass, &c 202 Main St. Opposite Farwell & Ames Block.

E. H. COCHRAN'S FIRE, MARINE, LIFE, —AND— Accident Insurance Agency. CAPITAL REPRESENTED OVER NINETY MILLION DOLLARS. Losses Adjusted and Paid at this Office. BERRY BLOCK, Rockland. Rockland, May 19, 1880. 23

TRUE P. PIERCE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law Office in New Court House, ROCKLAND, : MAINE. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Apr2579

BERRY BROTHERS Livery & Hack Stable MAIN STREET, ROCKLAND, ME.

Any style of Single or Double Team furnished short notice and at reasonable rates. Best accommodations for Boarding Horses and transient Teams, in the city. Particular attention is given to furnishing team and Coaches for funerals. Also, Hooks kept at this office for the different Stage Lines, where all orders should be left. FRED H. BERRY, CHAS. H. BERRY. Rockland, Feb 3, 1878 9

NO PATENT NO PAY PATENTS

obtained for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents, and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address: LOUIS BAGGER & Co., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C.

Gilt Edge Visiting Cards very neat and pretty, printed at short notice at this office.

Railroads & Steamboats

Maine Central Railroad.

Commencing June 28, 1880.

PASSENGER trains leave Bath at 11.20 a. m., after arrival of train leaving Rockland at 8.20 a. m., connecting at Brunswick for Lewiston, Farmington, Augusta, Skowhegan and Bangor; at Yarmouth with G.T. Ry.; at Westbrook with P. & Ply. at B. & M. Junction with train on Boston & Maine, and at Portland with trains on Eastern Railroad, arriving in Boston 5.15 p.m.

Afternoon train leaves Bath 4.05 p. m., (after arrival of train leaving Rockland 1.25 p. m.,) connecting at Brunswick for Lewiston, Augusta, and Portland, arriving in Boston 10.00 p. m.

Morning Train leaves Portland 7.00; arrives at Bath 9.35 a. m., connecting to Rockland.

Through Trains leave Portland, 12.55 p. m., after arrival of trains from Boston; arrive at Bath, 2.50 p. m. connecting to Rockland.

Freight Trains each way daily.

PAYSON TUCKER, Supt.

June 21, 1880.

SANFORD STEAMSHIP CO.

BOSTON & BANGOR. DAILY LINE!

STEAMER CAMBRIDGE, Capt. Otis Ingraham. STEAMER KATAHDIN, Capt. W. R. Rolfe. STMR. NEW BRUNSWICK, Capt. F. C. Homer,

COMMENCING Saturday, June 19th, until further notice and while the Company's Steamers will leave Lincoln's Wharf, foot of Battery St., Boston, EVERY WEEK DAY, at 5 P. M., for Rockland, Camden, Belfast, Searsport, St. John, Rockport, Winterport, Hampden and Bangor.

RETURNING, Will leave Bangor for Boston every week-day at 11 A. M., touching at above-named places.

EXCURSION TICKETS.

Rockland or Camden to Boston and return,	$4.00
Belfast or Searsport to Boston and return,	5.00
Fort Point to Boston and return,	5.00
Bucksport or Winterport to Boston and return,	5.75
Bangor to Boston and Return,	6.00

State Rooms may be secured by communicating with the Agents at the place from which passage is to be taken.

Horse Cars run directly to Lincoln's Wharf, leaving there every seven minutes for all parts of Boston, including East Boston.

All freight must be accompanied by Bill of Lading in duplicate.

O. A. KALLOCH, Agent.

Agent's up-town office 1 Sea St., under Thorndike Hotel.

JAS. LITTLEFIELD, Gen'l Pass'r and Trans. Agent, Bangor. Rockland, June 17, 1880. 6

Portland, Bangor & Machias Steamboat Co.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

THE FAVORITE STR. LEWISTON, CAPT. CHAS. DEERING,

WILL leave RAILROAD WHARF every FRIDAY Evening at 11.15 o'clock, or on arrival of Pullman Express trains from Boston, for Rockland, Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Mt. Desert, (Sts. West Harbor, Bar Harbor,) Millbridge, Jonesport and Machiasport.

Also, leave PORTLAND every TUESDAY evening, same time, for Millbridge, touching at intermediate landings. RETURNING, leaves MACHIASPORT every MONDAY morning at 4.30, and MILLBRIDGE every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 8 A. M., touching at intermediate landings, arriving in Portland same evening, connecting with Pullman night train for Boston.

Passengers will not be disturbed until morning, unless wishing to take Pullman Train. Trains leave next day for Boston at 8.45 A. M., and 1 P. M. Steamers leave for Boston at 7 P. M. daily.

The LEWISTON connects at Rockland with SANFORD S. S. CO. STEAMERS for Bangor and river landings, every SATURDAY morning. Coming West connects MONDAYS for Boston.

Passengers from Portland for Bangor and river landings (Tuesday and Friday) forwarded at Regular Tariff Rates of this Company.

Steamer City of Richmond is withdrawn from the route until further notice.

For further particulars inquire of J. P. WISE, or O. A. KALLOCH.

Rockland, April 6, 1880. 19

Rockland and Vinalhaven.

Spring Arrangement.

On and after Monday, March 22d,

STM'R PIONEER

WILL leave Carver's Harbor, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 A. M. RETURNING, Will leave (Commercial Wharf,) Rockland, for Vinalhaven, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

G. A. SAFFORD, Agent, Rockland. BENJ. LANE, Agent, Vinalhaven. 5

C. L. BLACK, CITY BILL POSTER. ROCKLAND, ME.

All work will be faithfully and promptly attended to.

Orders may be left or bundles sent to the Eastern Express Office. 31

The best boards in the city.

Magical Catarrh Expeller. HAIR AND SCALP

Dandruff Banisher as a dressing for the purpose of rendering the hair elegant and glossy is unequaled. Its life-giving merits upon the scalp follicles and bulbous roots of the hair, is desirable to every person having a true regard for the beautiful and healthful condition of this magnificent and greatest of nature's adornments. Address MARION & COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey. Sold by E. Merrill, W. H. Kittredge 29

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. Co

—THE— Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico Short Line, —BETWEEN— ATCHISON and KANSAS CITY, —AND— PUEBLO, Trinidad, Colorado Springs, Manitou DENVER, CANON CITY, LEADVILLE, ALAMOSA, AND ALL POINTS IN COLORADO, New Mexico, Arizona, —AND THE— San Juan Mines!

HOMES IN THE WEST! 2,500,000 Acres Land

Situated in and near the Upper Arkansas Valley in Southwestern Kansas.

11 Years' Credit. 7 Per Cent. Interest.

The first payment at date of purchase is one-tenth of the principal and 7 per cent. interest on the remainder. At the end of the 1st and 2d years only the interest at 7 per cent. is paid; and the third year, and each year thereafter, one-tenth of the principal with 7 per cent. interest on the balance, is paid annually until the whole is paid.

Six Years' Credit, 20 per cent. Discount.

Two Years' Credit, 30 per cent. Discount.

Cash Purchase, 33⅓ per cent. Discount.

The valley of the upper Arkansas is justly celebrated for its adaptability to wheat-raising and the superior quality of its grain. As a stock-raising and wool-growing country, it offers advantages that cannot be excelled. Good soil, abundance of pure water, a mild and healthy climate, with low prices and easy terms, making up a total of inducements greater than is offered anywhere else on the continent of America. For full particulars, enquire or address,

C. A. SEYMOUR, Gen. Eastern Pass. Agent, 419 Broadway, N. Y.; 199 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., or H. L. CARGILL, New England Agent, 107 Washington St., Boston, Mass. 1y1

A HARD CASE CURED.

ANSONIA, CONN., Aug. 1, 1879.

DR. BRIGGS & CO.: *Gents,*—After having suffered about 11 years as a result of having a pair of boots made to fit my fancy instead of my feet, the result of which was painful bunions, hard and soft corns, a sore instep, and two ingrowing nails, I have cut and destroyed more than $150 worth of boots in the past 11 years, and paid to real and pretended chiropodists nearly $200; spent over $50 for caustic salves and plasters which were not of the benefit to me in effect. You may imagine the condition I was in when your agents, Messrs. Hillhouse & Pemberton, induced me to try your Bunion Balsam and Sure Corn Cure, by agreeing to refund the money if not satisfactory; also your Radical Cure for Ingrowing nails. Both have proved eminently successful, and my bunions, corns and nails are apparently permanently cured, as I now have my boots to fit my feet. I must cordially recommend your remedies, and most sincerely thank you for the benefit I have received. Send me by express a bottle of your Deodorizing Foot Lotion. Very Resp'y Yours, THOS. H. DERMONT.

"The Old Reliable"

HANNIBAL & ST. JO. R. R.

THE PIONEER ROUTE BETWEEN THE MISSOURI AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS,

In spite of Opposition is STILL THE FAVORITE

With the traveling public who appreciate the many advantages it affords for the comfort and pleasure of its patrons.

Smooth Steel Rail Track, Elegant Day Coaches, *RECLINING SEAT COACHES* AND *Pullman Sleepers.*

THE ONLY LINE Running Through Day Coaches, Reclining Seat Cars and Pullman Sleepers to CHICAGO, Day Coaches and Pullman Sleepers to TOLEDO, Through Day Coaches to INDIANAPOLIS, And is proverbially ALWAYS ON TIME.

The public don't forget this and always take "THE OLD RELIABLE."

JOHN E. CARSON, Gen'l Manager. F. E. MORSE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound, THE POSITIVE CURE FOR ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This preparation